



# Jagiellonian Positron Emission Tomograph

From tests on  
fundamental symmetries  
to the applications  
in medical imaging

***Sushil K. Sharma*** on behalf of the J-PET collaboration



European  
Funds  
Smart Growth



Republic  
of Poland



Foundation for  
Polish Science

European Union  
European Regional  
Development Fund



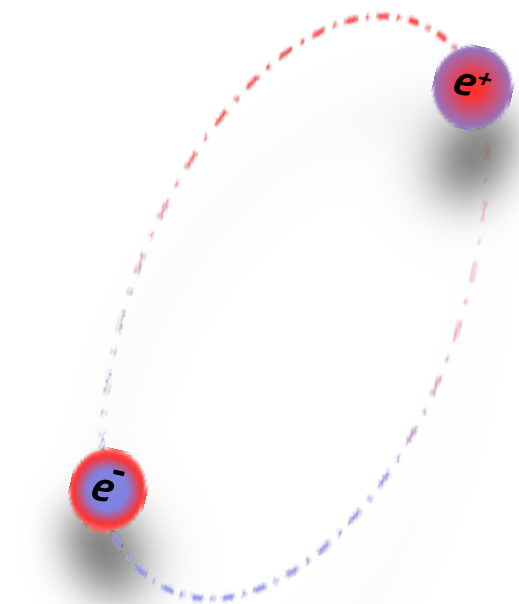
**Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, India, 15.01.2020**

## Historical review

*Jagiellonian Positron Emission Tomograph*

## Positronium decays

- *Tests on discrete symmetries*
- *Photon's polarization*
- *Recent results*

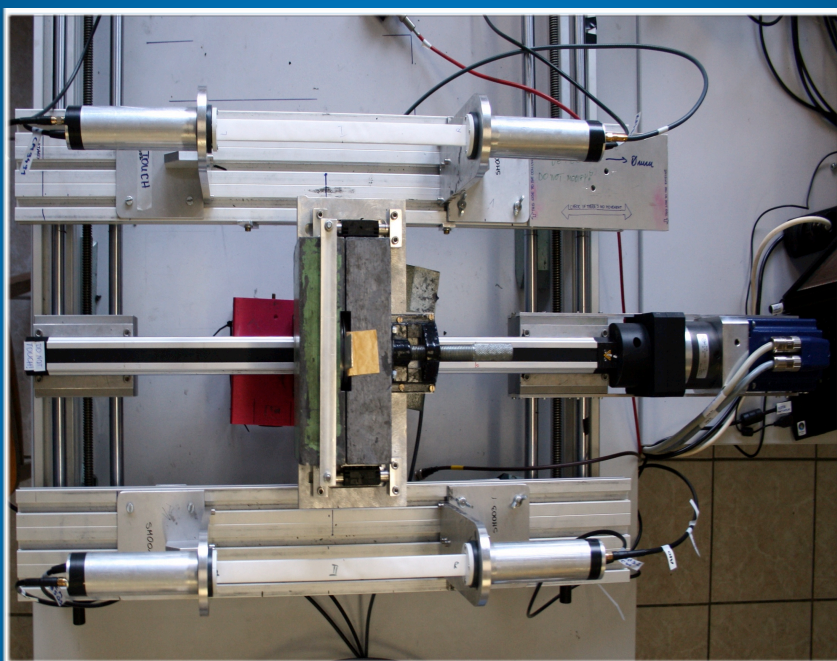


## Future perspectives

*Modular PET*

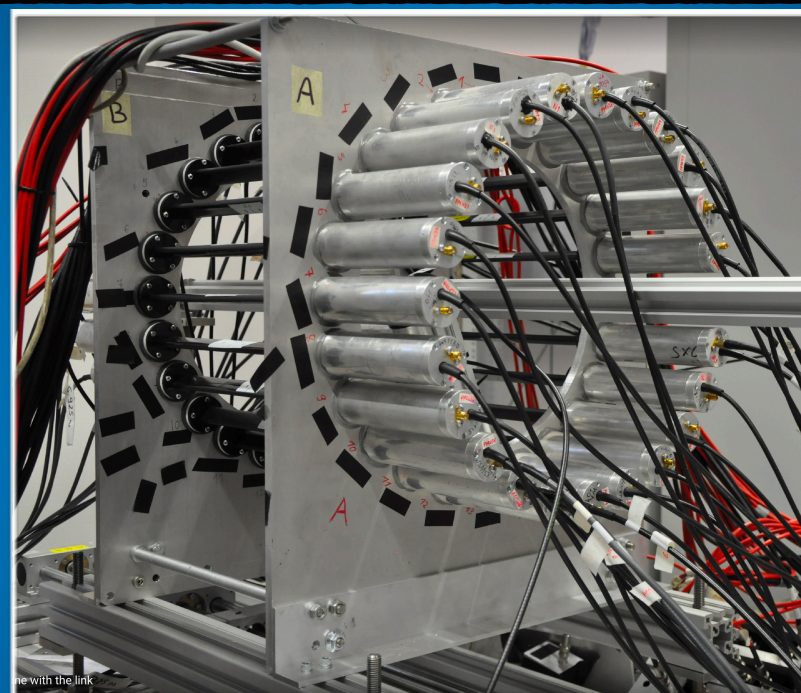


2  
0  
1  
2



Characterize scintillator properties  
Energy resolution, hit time, ..

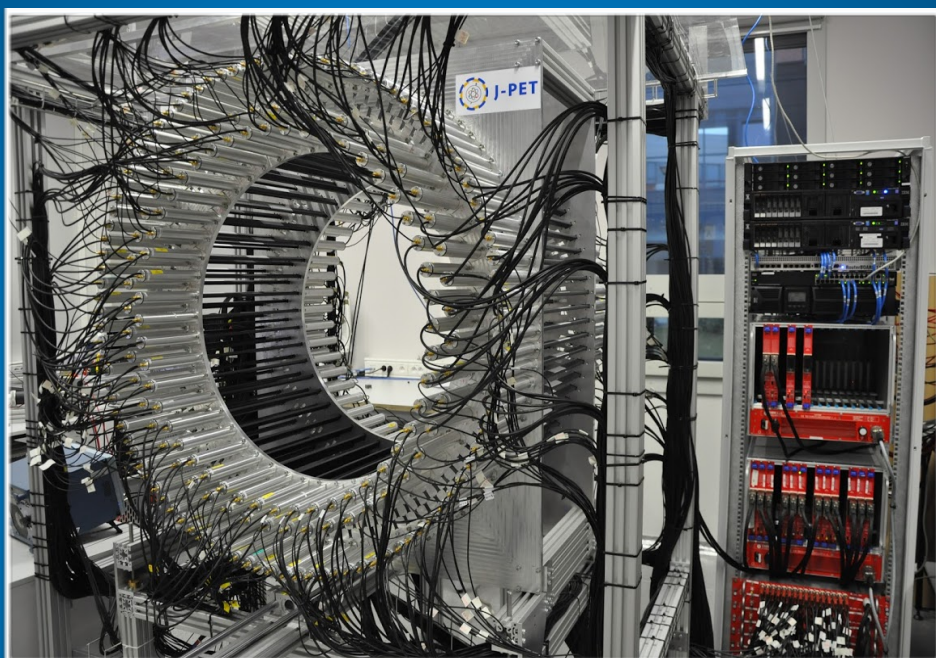
2  
0  
1  
4



Data acquisition validation  
for multi-modules

24  
strips

2  
0  
1  
6



Current version  
Fundamental symmetries test and Positronium imaging

2  
0  
1  
8



Modular PET : Ready for first data campaign  
J-PET's Plastic Revolution - CERN COURIER  
<https://cerncourier.com/a/j-pets-plastic-revolution/>

24  
modules

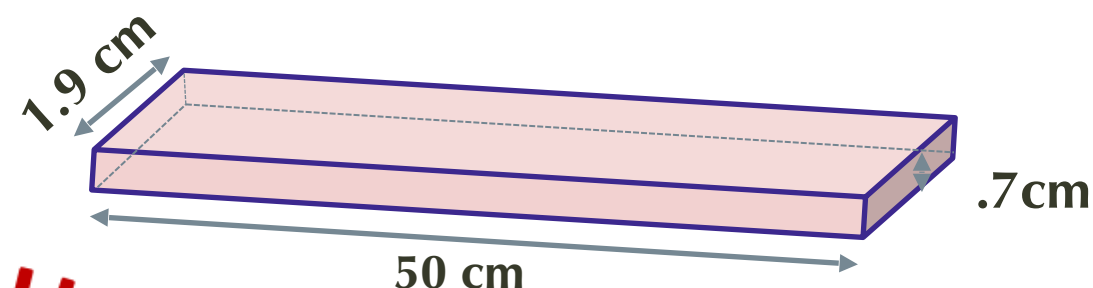


- ★ P. Moskal et al., *Nature Reviews Physics* **1** (2019) 527
- ★ Beatrix C. Hiesmayr, Pawel Moskal; *Nature scientific reports* **9** (2019) 8166
- ☆ P. Moskal et al., *Phys. Med. Bio.* **64** (2019) 055017
- ☆ P. Kowalski et al., *Phys. in Med. & Bio.* **63** (2018)
- ★ G. Korcyl et al., *IEEE Trans. on Med. Imag.* (2018)
- ★ B.C. Hiesmayr, P. Moskal; *Nature Scientific reports* **7** ( 2017) 15349
- ☆ L. Raczyński et al., *Phys. Med. Bio.* **62** (2017) 5076
- ☆ A. Wieczorek et al., *PLoS ONE* **12** (11): E0186728 (2017)
- ☆ P. Moskal et al., *Phys. in Med. & Bio.* **61** (2016) 2025
- ☆ A. Gajos et al., *Nucl. Inst. & Meth. In Phys. Res. A* **819**(2016) 54
- ☆ D. Kaminska et al., *Eup. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016)
- ☆ .....

**More than 70 articles and 18 patents applications**  
**For more information : <http://koza.if.u.edu.pl>**



## Plastic Scintillator



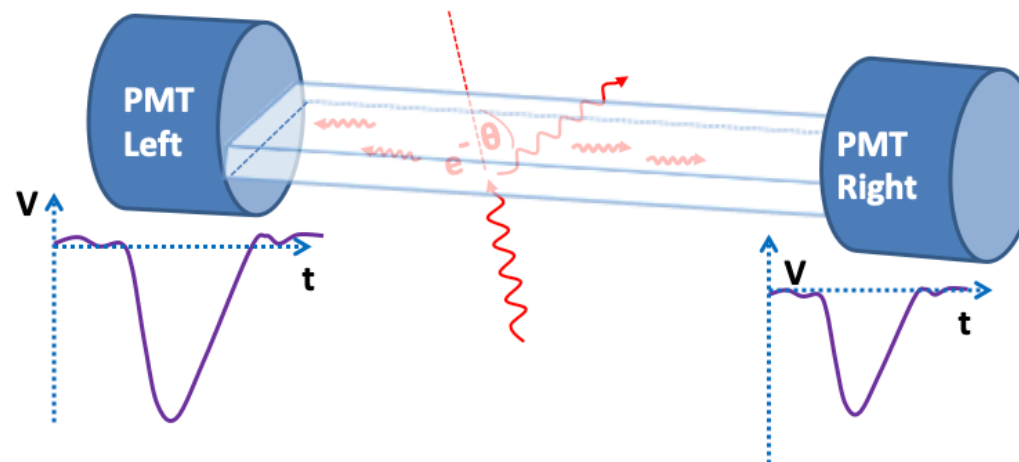
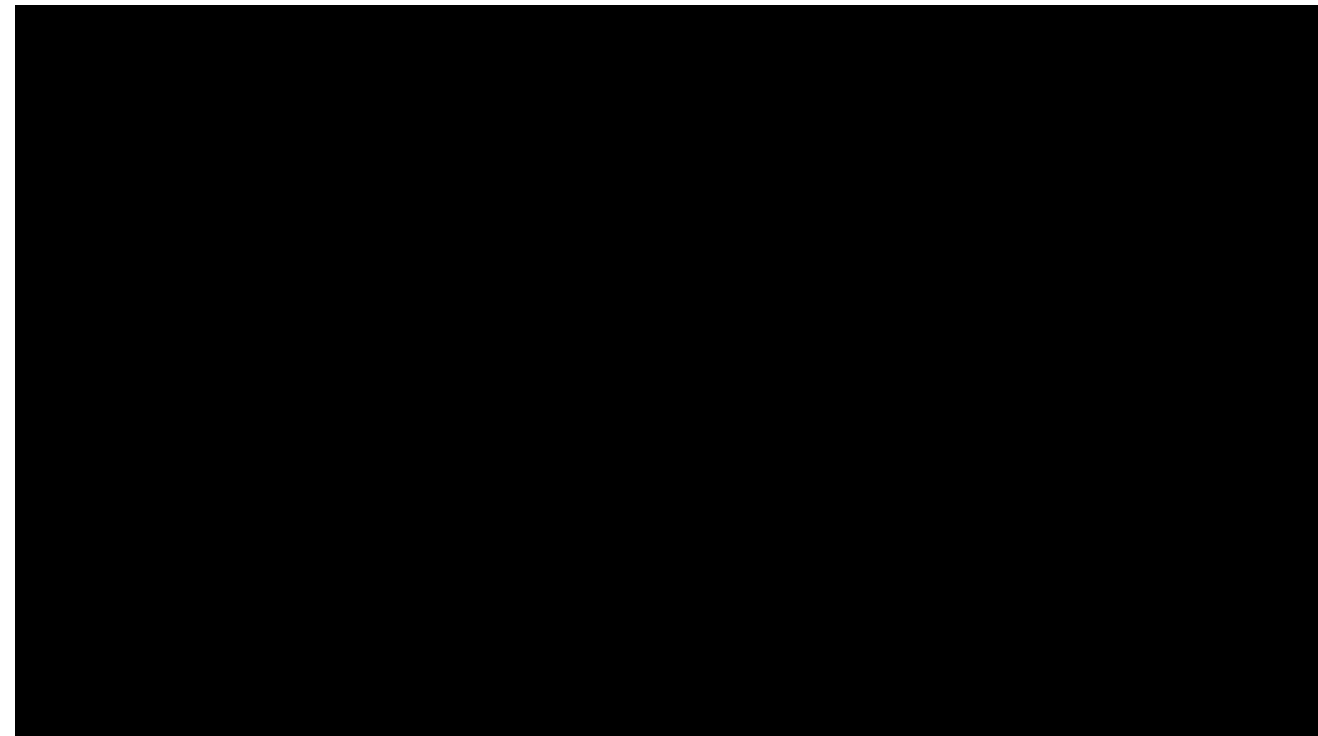
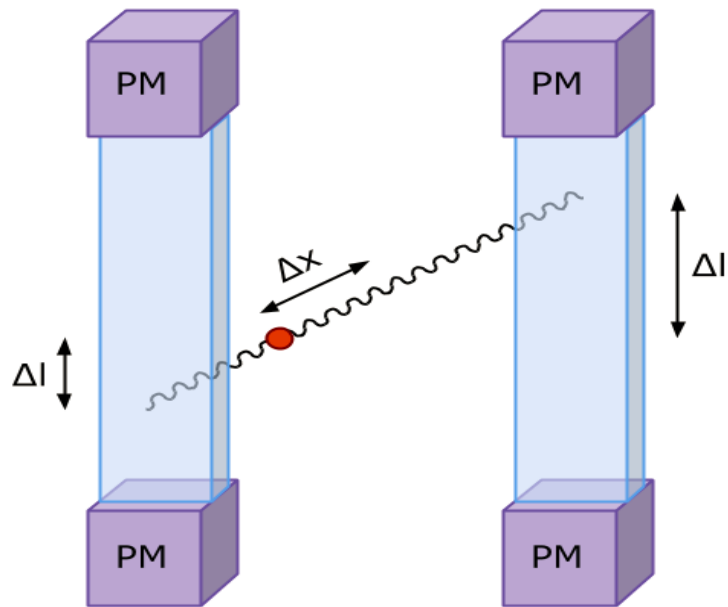
192  
Modules

Arranged axially in  
3 layers

(48, 48, 96)

Trigger less  
DAQ

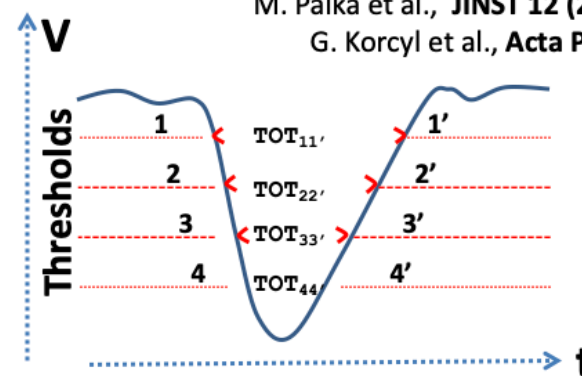
**TOT** as measure of  
energy deposition



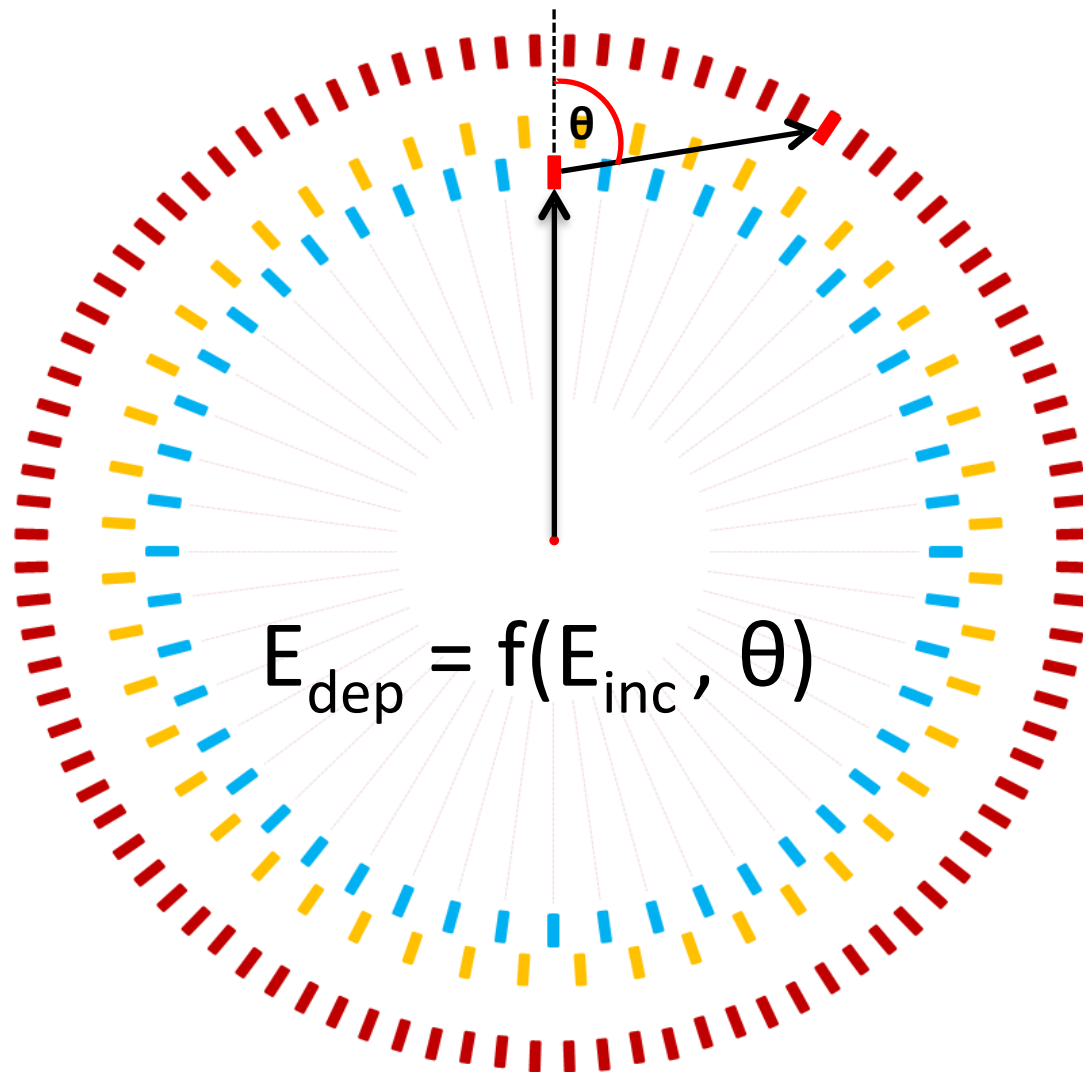
M. Palka et al., *JINST* 12 (2017) P08001

G. Korcyl et al., *Acta Phys. Polon. B* 47, 491 (2016)

Signals are probed at **four thresholds**.







What we have :

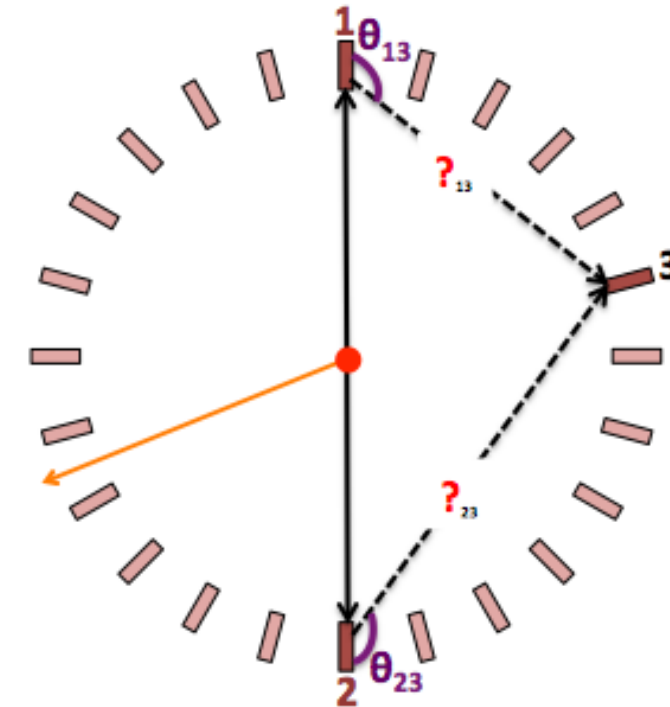
- ✓ Measured **TOT** values
- ✓ Hit positions and time of primary and scattered photon gives access to the  $\theta$  values

What is required :

- ◇ **Identify** the origin of **incident photon**

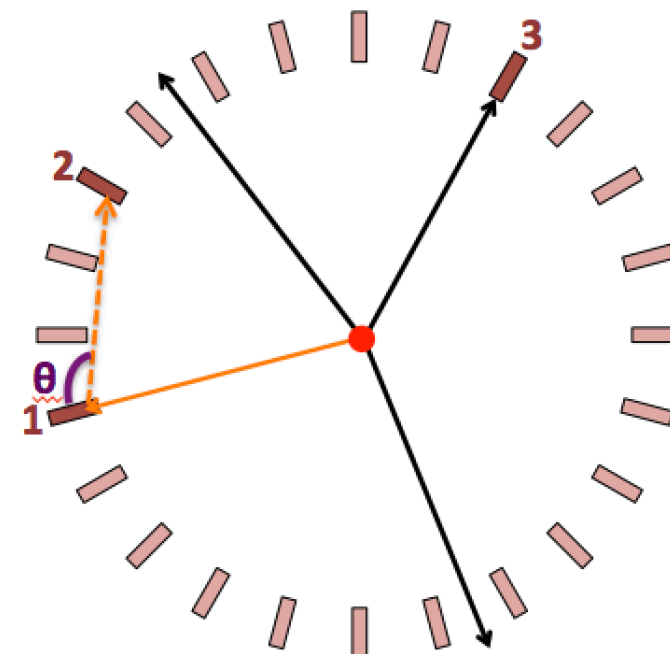
Analyzed : **3 Hit Events**

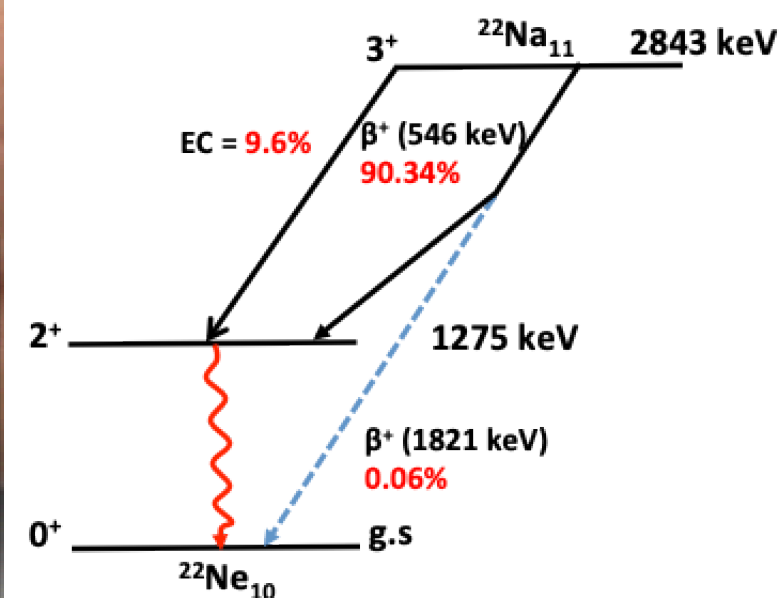
Case 1 : (511 keV)



$$\text{Scatter test} = \text{time}_{\text{measured}} - \text{time}_{\text{calculated}}$$

Case 2 : (1275 keV)

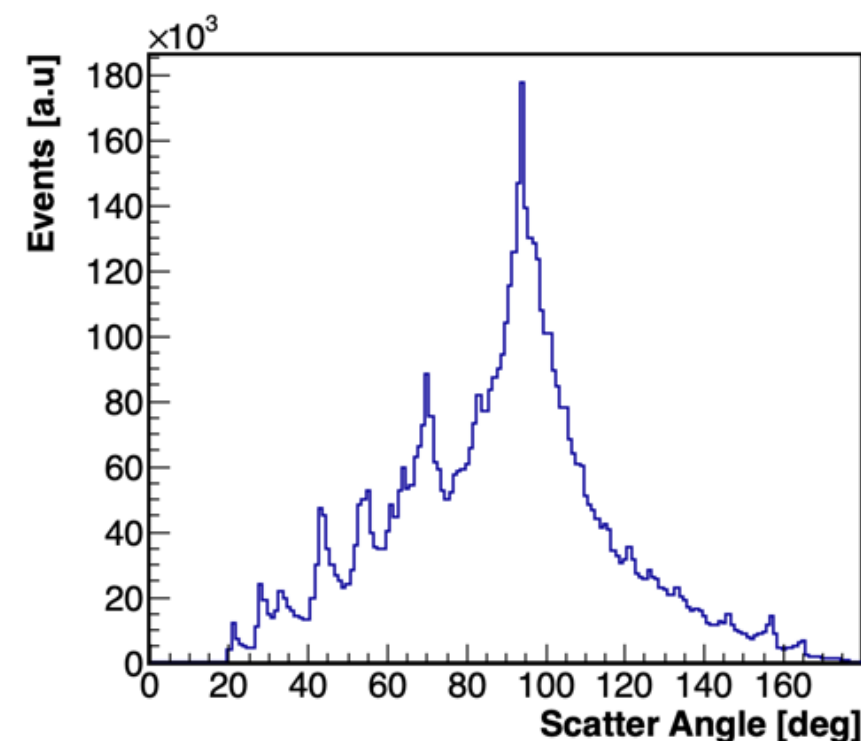
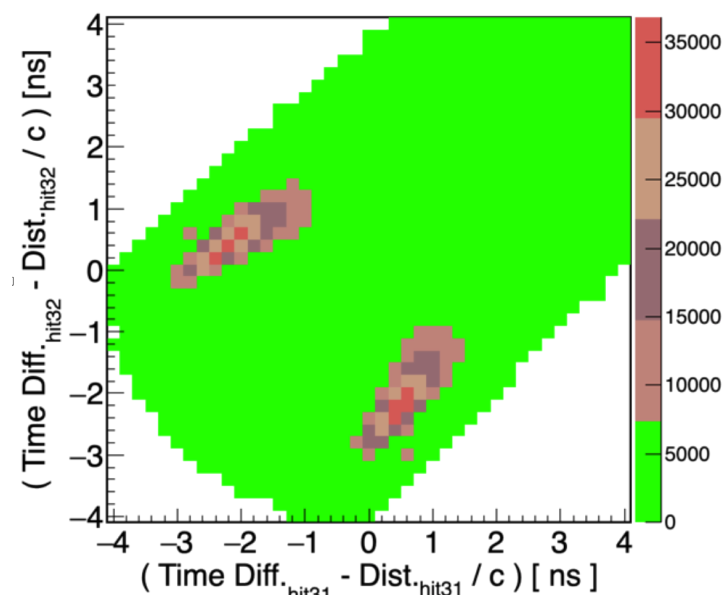
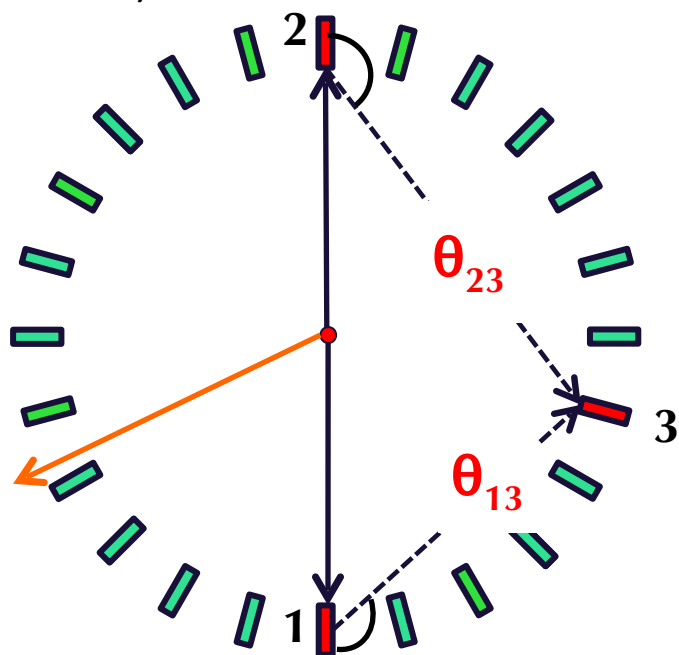




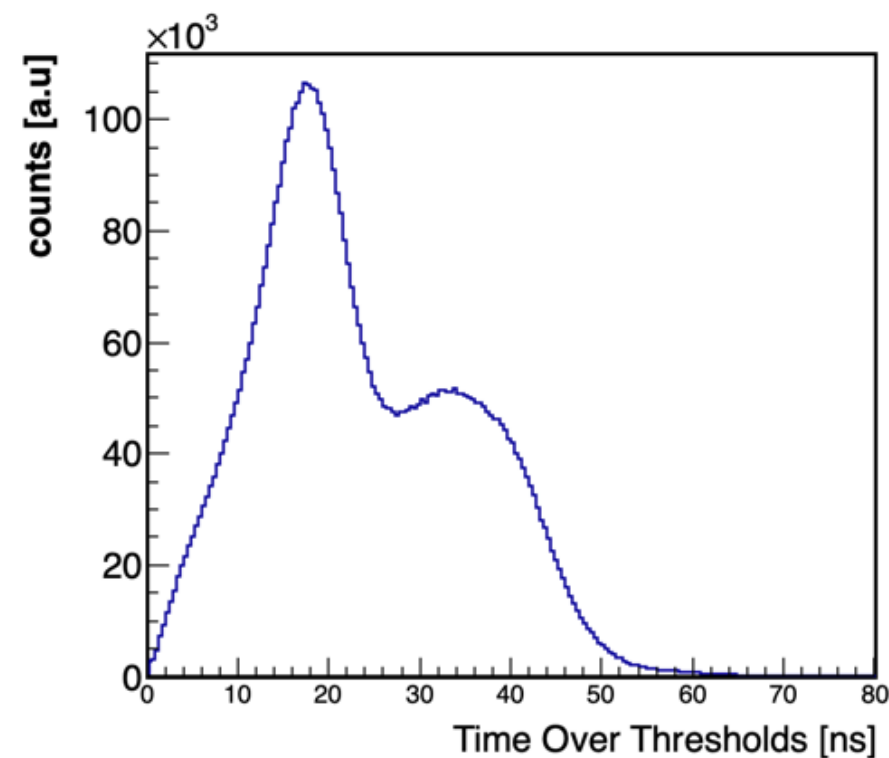
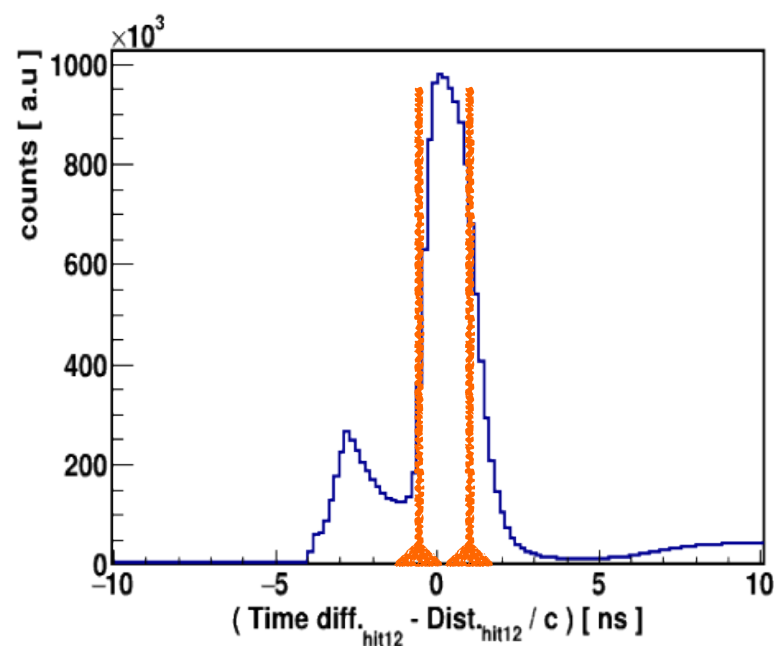
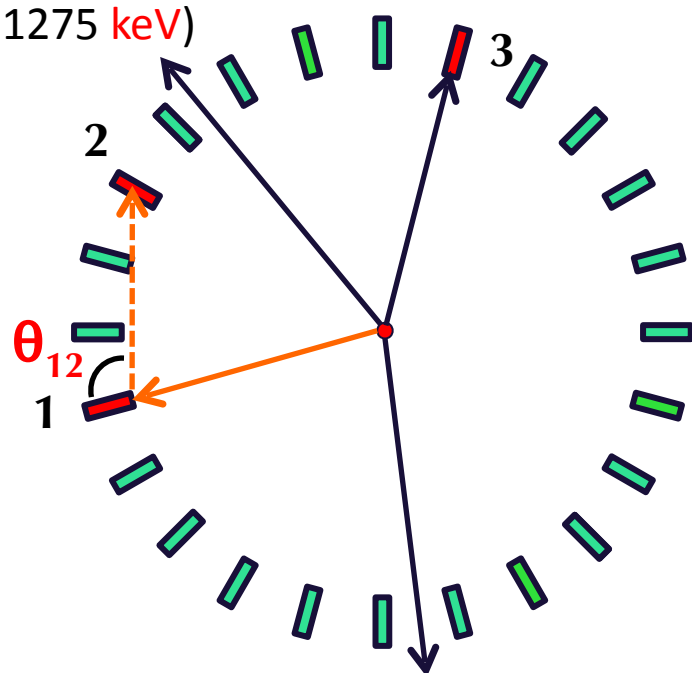


## Results

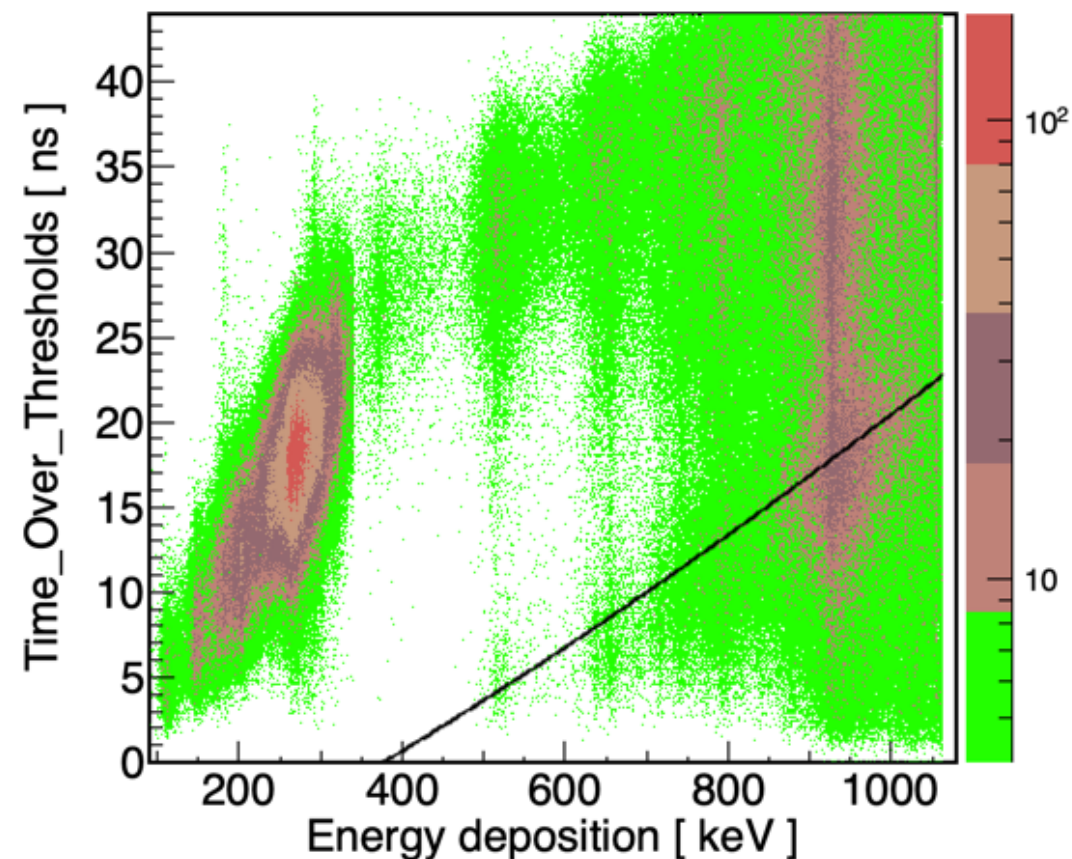
(511 keV)



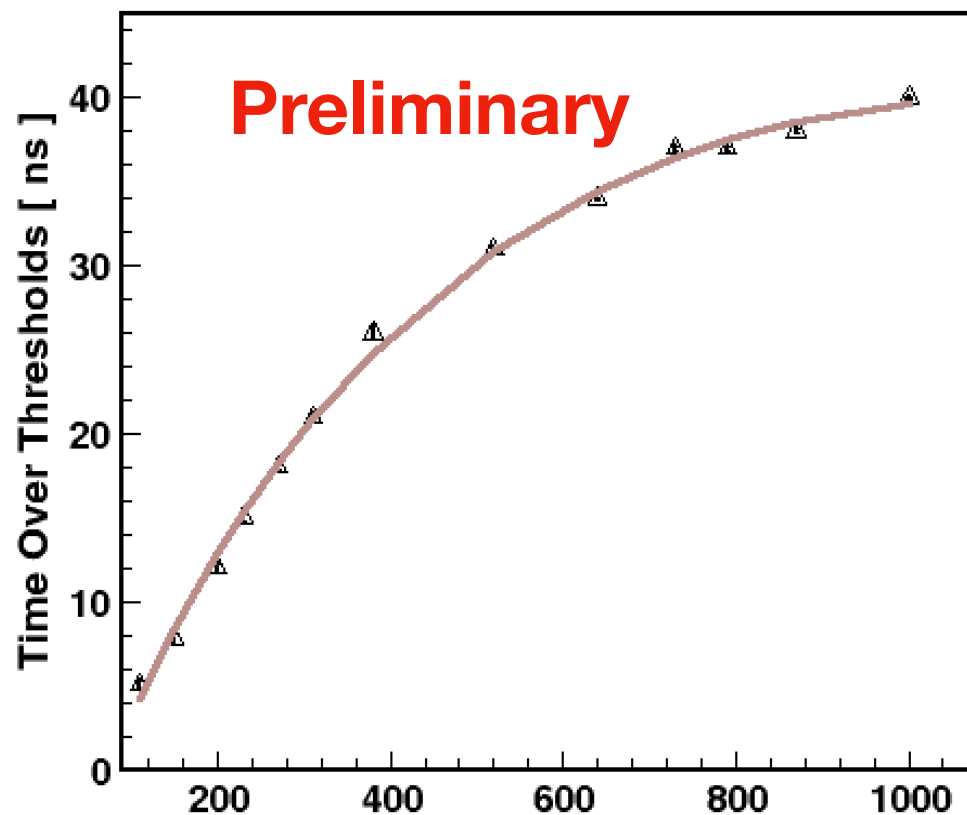
(1275 keV)



## TOT vs Edep



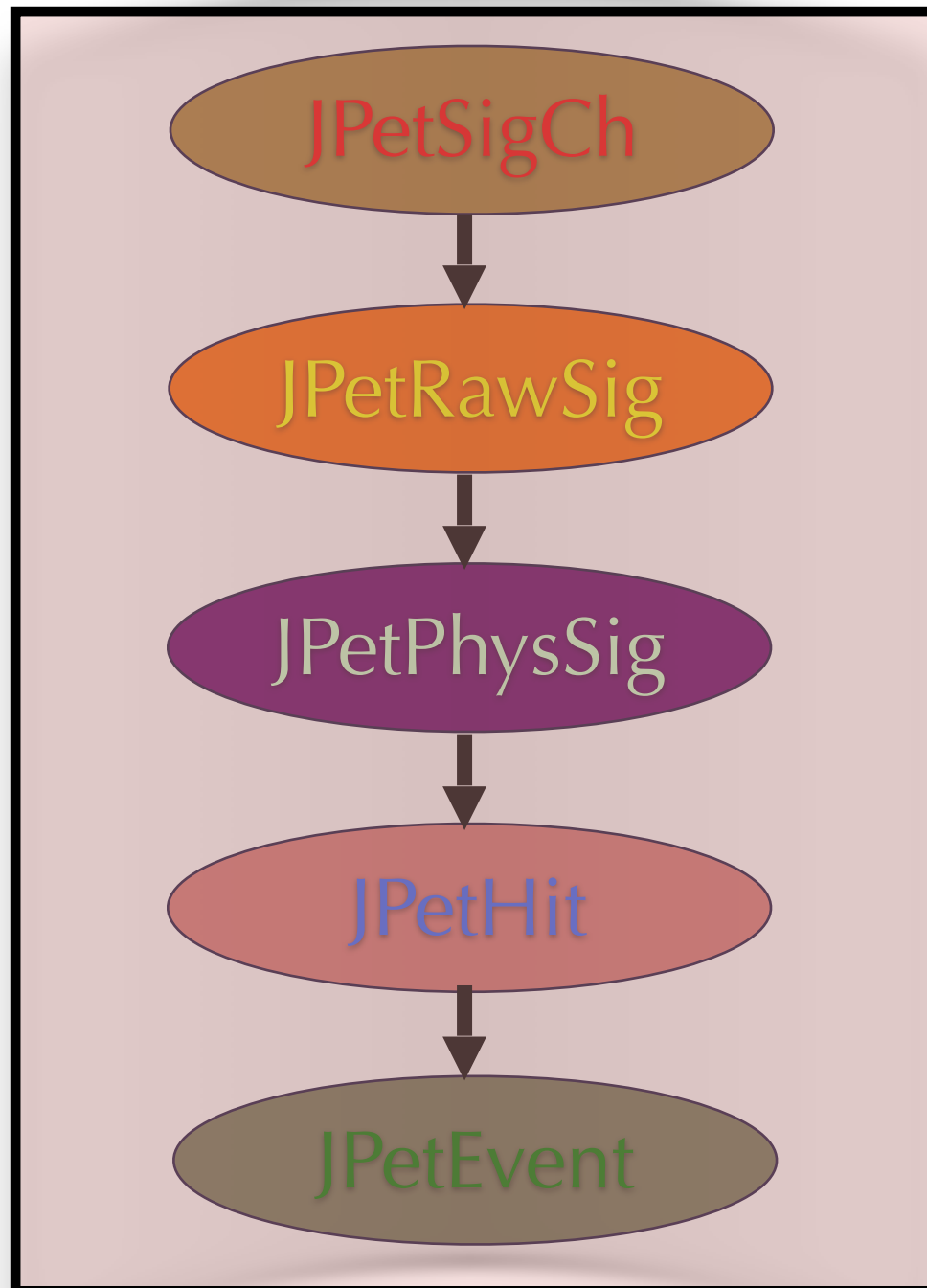
- ✓ 2-D spectrum of TOT versus energy deposition
- ✓ For the **final relation** the *profile histograms for the most populated energy bins* are selected and fitted.
- ✓ **Mean value of TOT distribution** as a function of the *center value of the energy interval* is plotted.
- ✓ The experimental data (black triangles) are nicely fit by the function of form:



$$TOT = A0 + A1 * \ln(Edep + A2) + A3 * (\ln(Edep + A2))^2$$

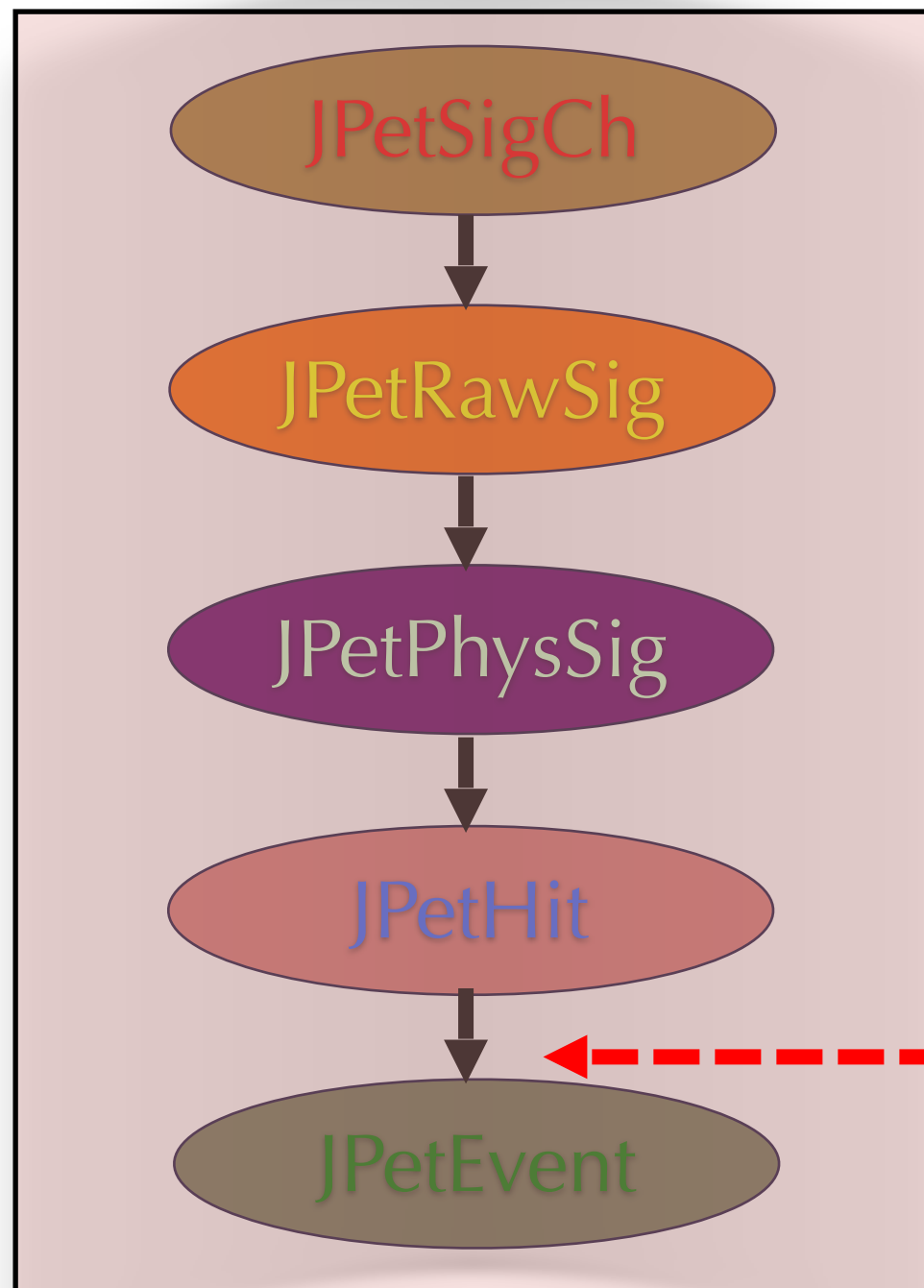


## Data Analysis



JPetTimeWindow

## Data Analysis



JPETTimeWindow

## MC simulation GEANT4

Dedicated simulation package

*Source :*

Photons beam, **Ps decays**,...

*Relative angles and energy distributions of primary photons*

( e.g., decay of Ps into Multi-photons)

Interaction of Gamma quanta : (**Comp. Scatt**)

hit – position , hit time, Scattering angle

Multiple-scattering

Geant4 –Parsar (empowered to introduce experimental resolution)

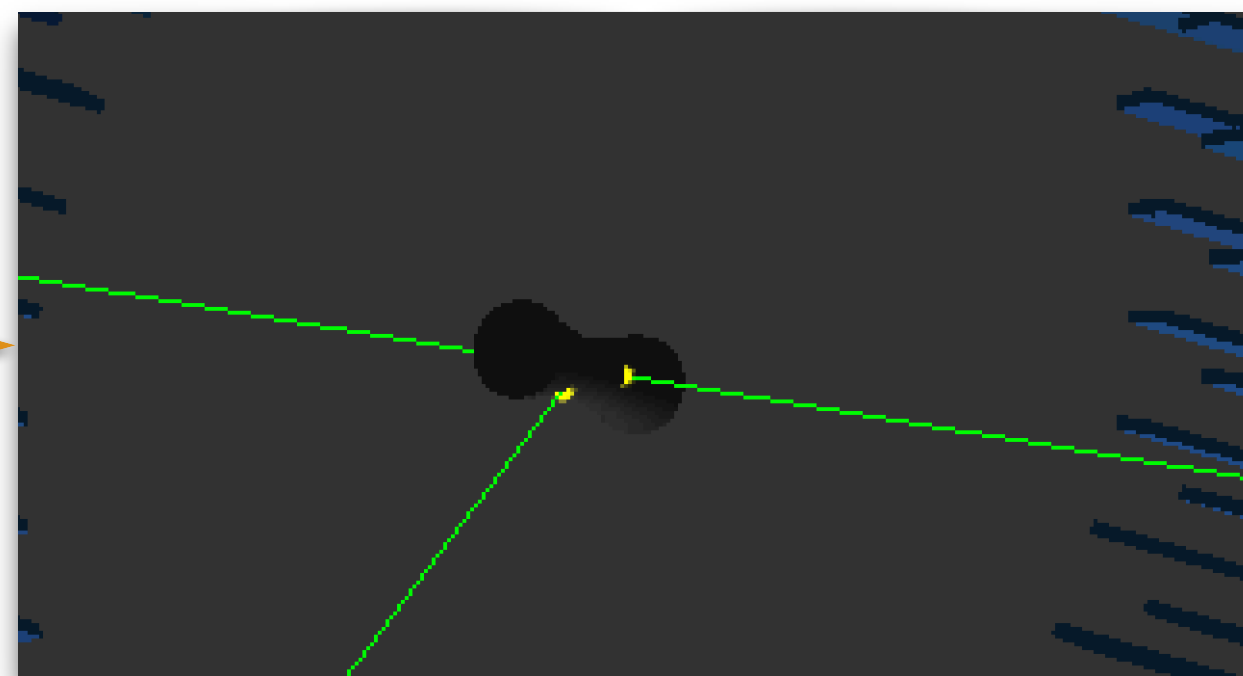
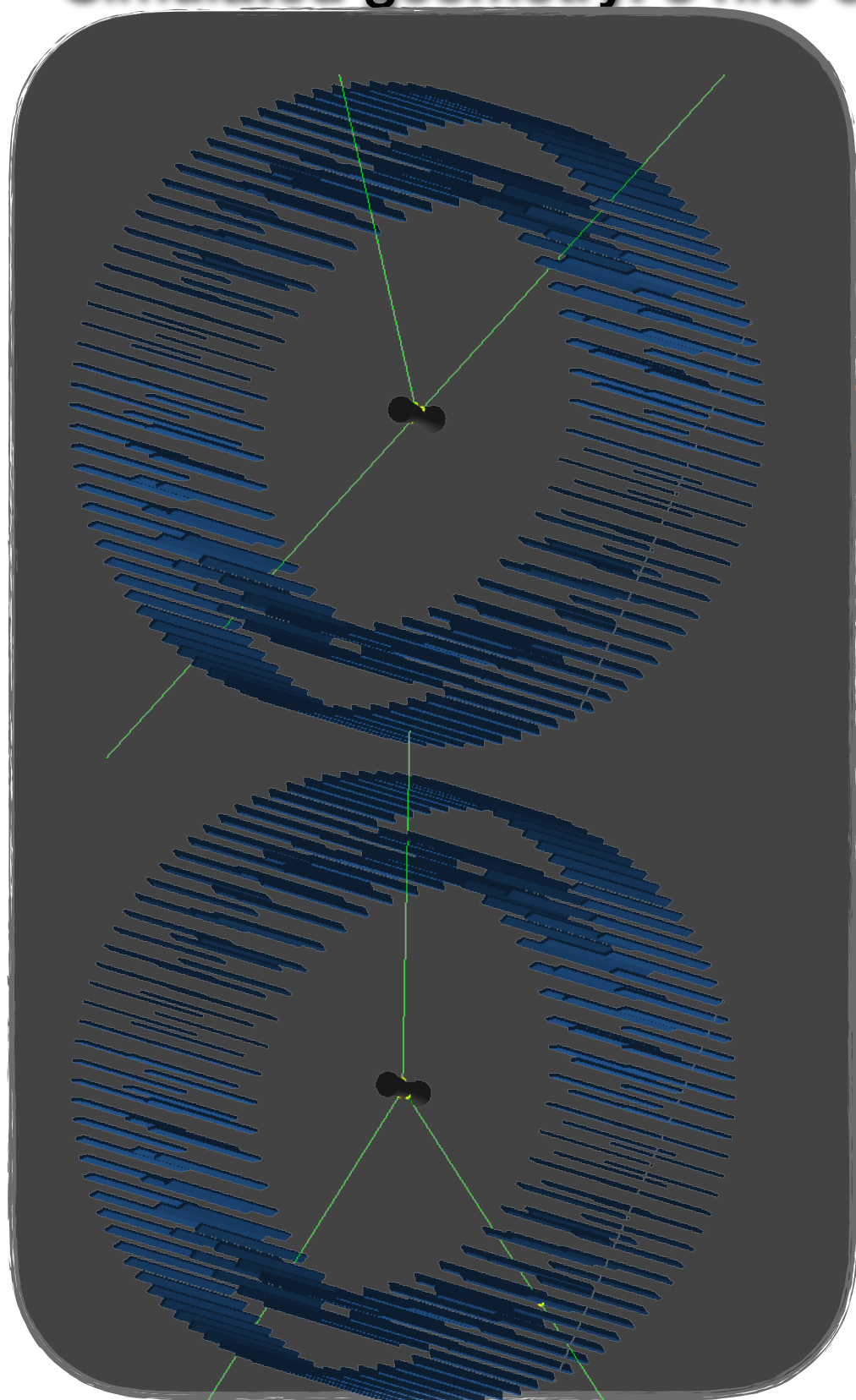
**Bonus**

Adjusted to utilize the multiple-threading feature

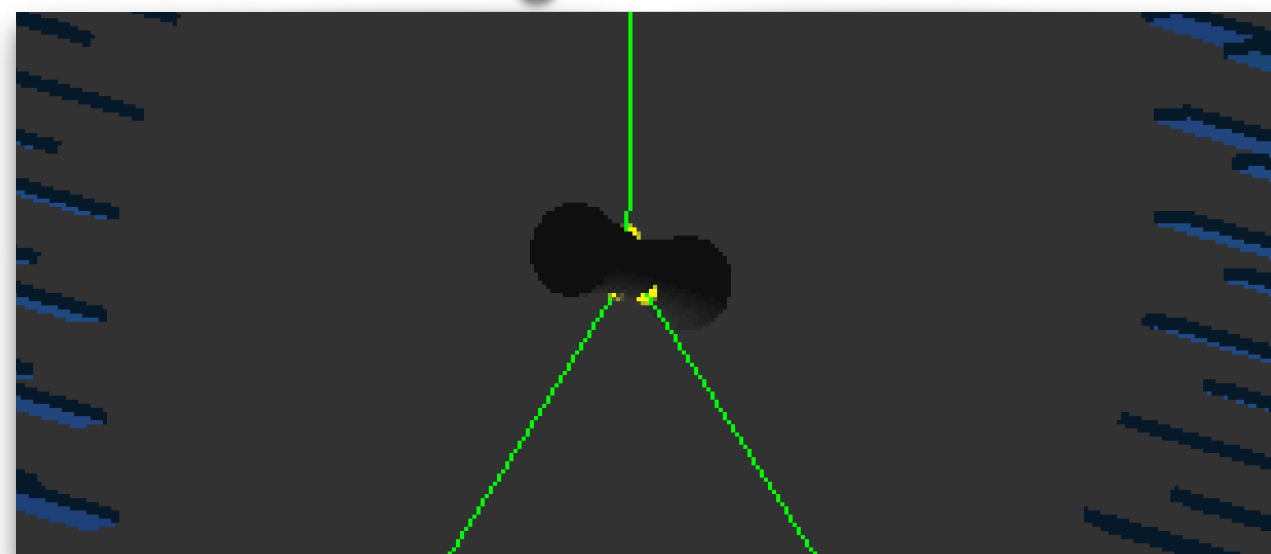


Simulated geometry: 3 hits event

(2 annihilation + 1 prompt)



Scattering within chamber





- ❑ First time detected **positronium** in Gas : Martin Deutsch

Nobel prize in 1956 for discovering **Ps**

- ❑ **Positronium** is like hydrogen atom without nuclei consist of electron and positron

**Purely Leptonic object !!!**

- ❑ **Eigenstate** for C,P, CP operators

- ❑ Undergoes self-annihilation into gamma quanta



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**Purely Leptonic object !!!**

❑ **Eigenstate** for C,P, CP operators

❑ Undergoes self-annihilation into gamma quanta

$s=0$     $\downarrow\uparrow - \uparrow\downarrow$     $n\gamma (n=2,4,6,...)$    **Para**–positronium (**p - Ps**),  $\tau(\text{vac}) = \mathbf{0.125}$  ns,  $^1S_0$

$s=1$     $\uparrow\uparrow + \downarrow\downarrow$     $(2n+1)\gamma (n=3,5,...)$    **ortho** – positronium (**o - Ps**),  $\tau(\text{vac}) = \mathbf{142}$  ns,  $^3S_1$

Effects due the weak interaction can lead to the violation at the order of  $10^{-14}$ .

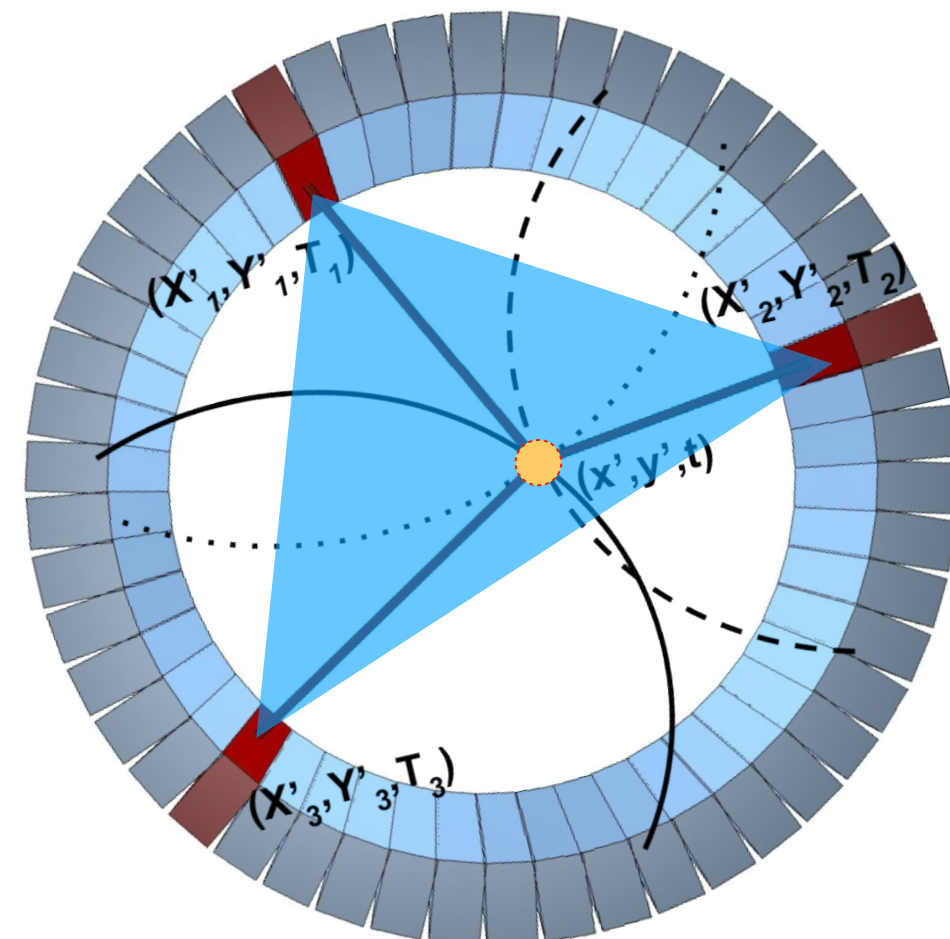
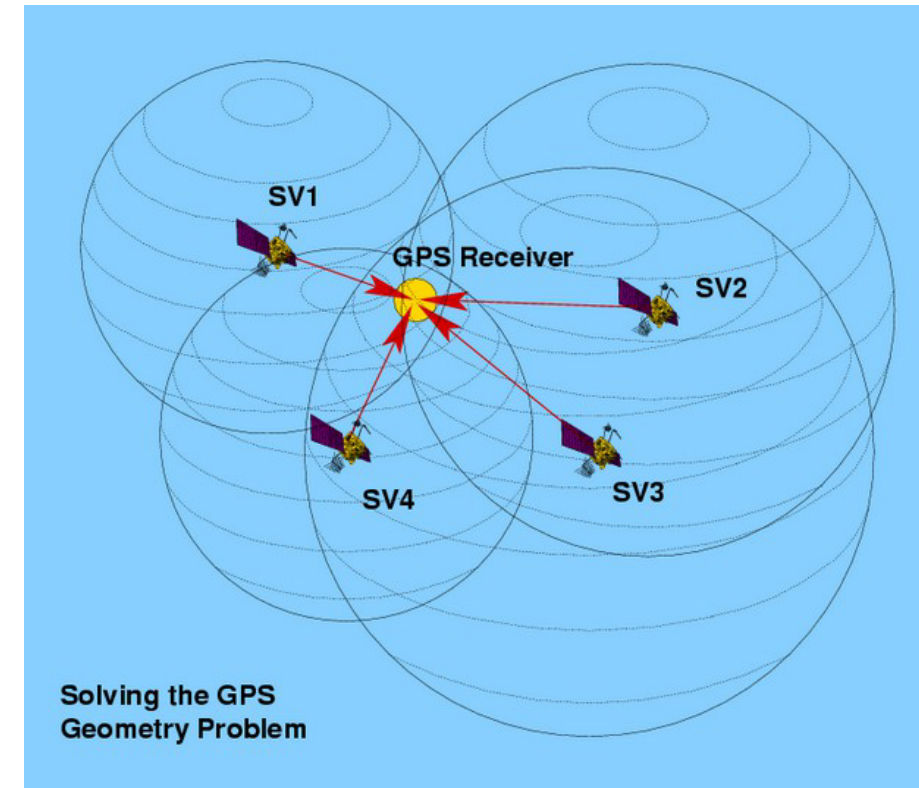
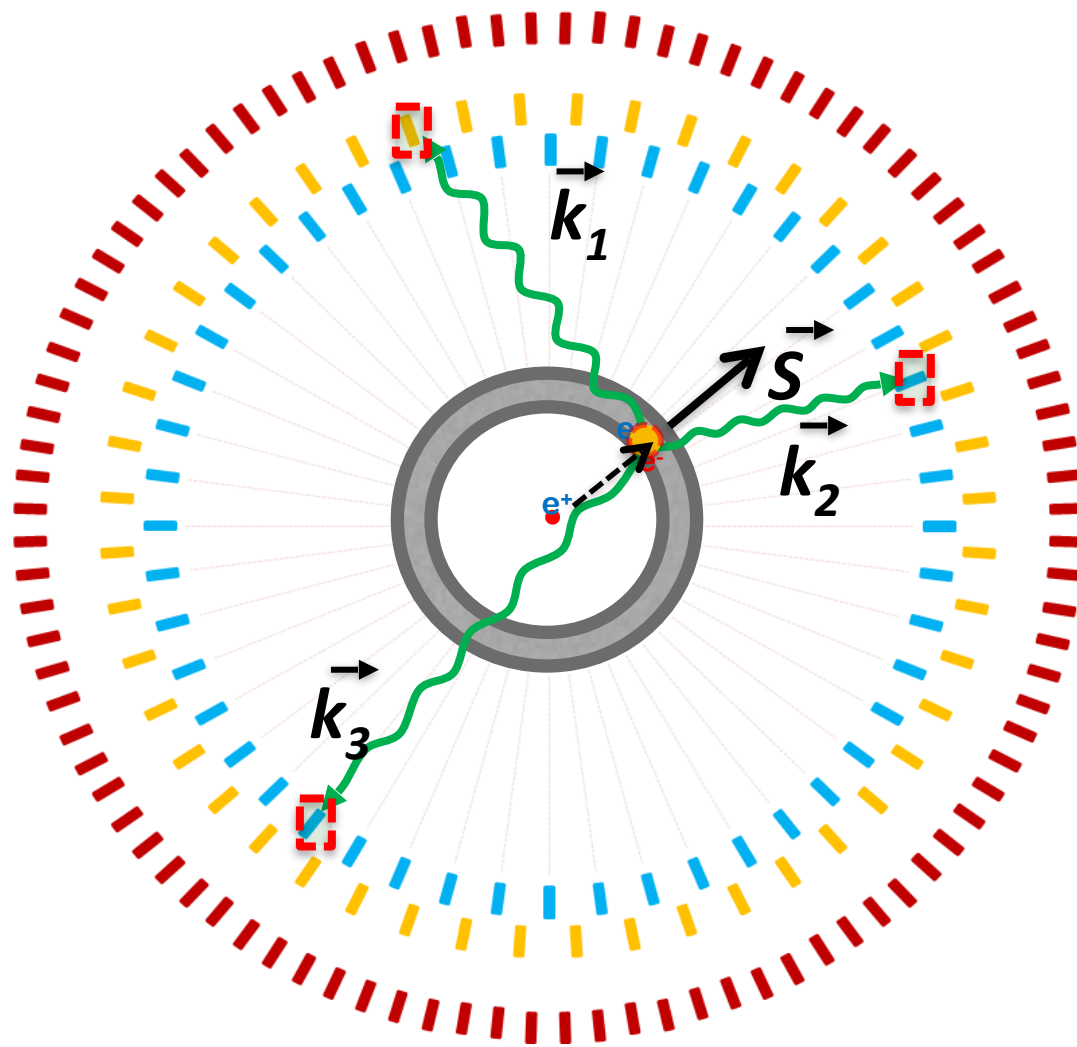
M. Sozzi, Discrete Symmetries and CP Violation, Oxford University Press (2008)



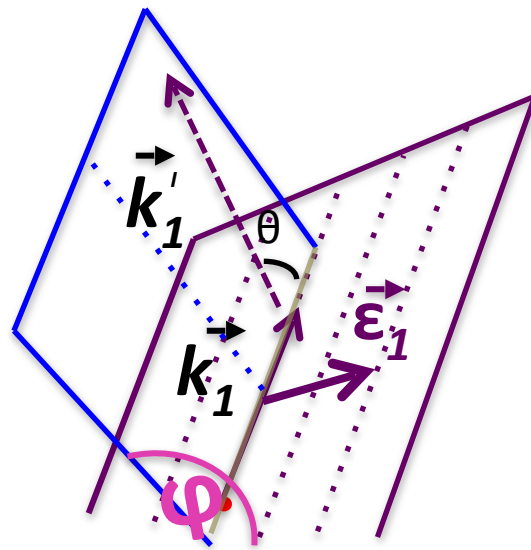
Operators	C	P	T	CP	CPT
$\vec{S} \cdot \vec{k}_1$	+	-	+	-	-
$\vec{S} \cdot (\vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}_2)$	+	+	-	+	-
$(\vec{S} \cdot \vec{k}_1) (\vec{S} \cdot (\vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}_2))$	+	-	-	-	+

P. Moskal et al., *Acta Phys. Pol. B* 47, 509 (2016)

## Trilateration methods\*

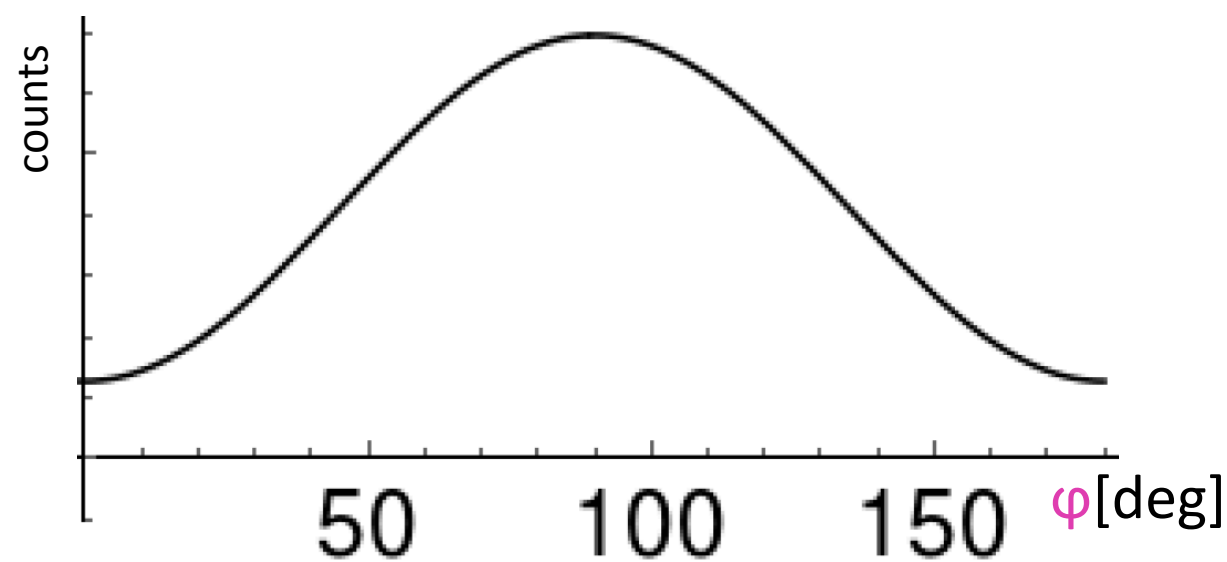
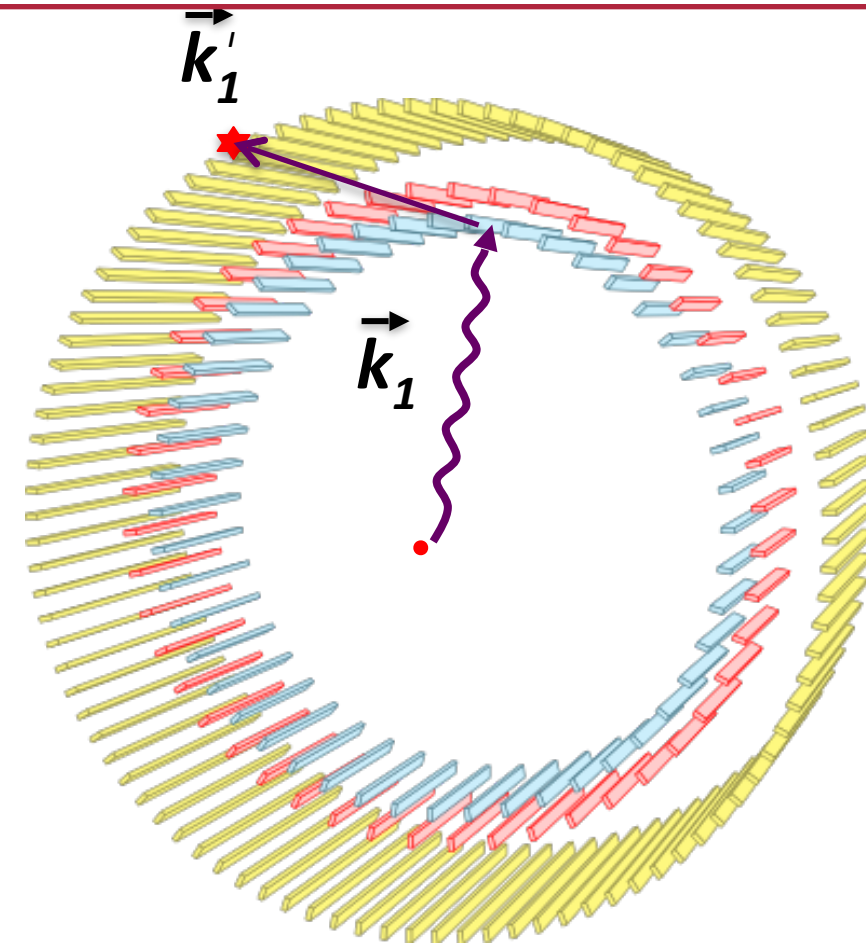


- \*P. M., PCT/EP2014/068374 (2013)
- A. Gajos, E. Czerwiński, D. Kamińska, P. M., PCT/PL2015/050038 (2015)
- \*A. Gajos et al., Nucl. Inst. and Meth. A819 (2016) 54



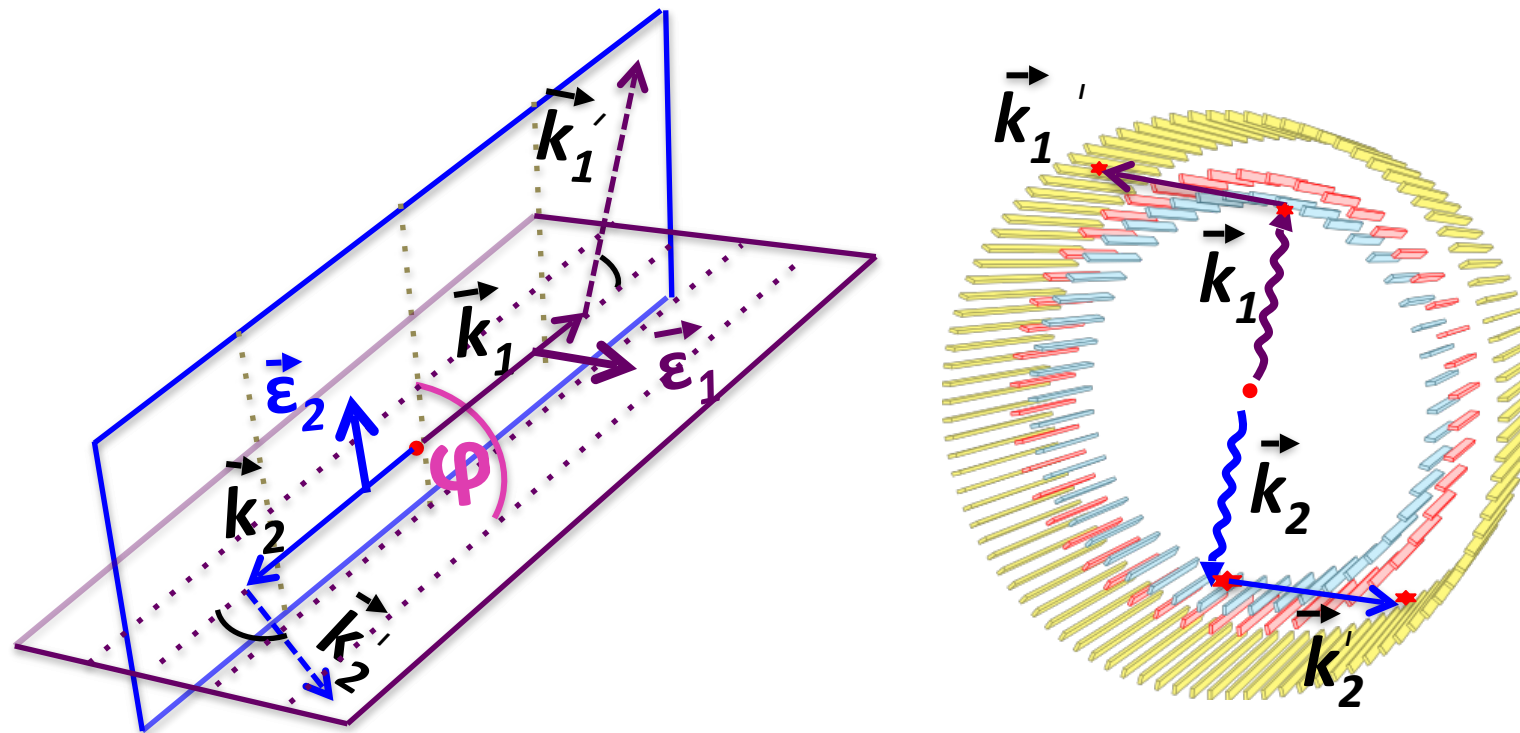
Photon's Polarization

$$\vec{\epsilon}_1 = \vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}'_1$$



P. Moskal et al.,  
**Acta. Phys. Polon. B 47** (2016) 509  
**Eur. Phys. J. C 78** (2018) 970





- Angle between polarization vectors of annihilation photons is  $90^\circ$ .
- Photons mostly scatter at right angles to their electric field vector and this impose an **Expected angular correlation** between the scattering angles.
- With the J-PET detector we can measure scatterings of back-to-back photons originating from the decay of positronium atoms and thus can study the angular correlation between the scattering angles.

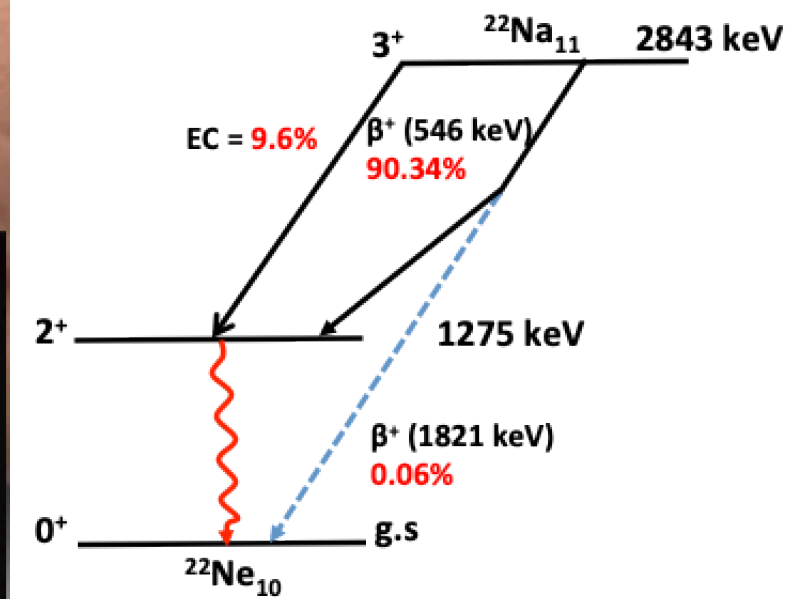
B. Hiesmayr and P. Moskal, **Scientific Reports** 7: 15349 (2017)

Operators	C	P	T	CP	CPT
$\vec{S} \cdot \vec{k}_1$	+	-	+	-	-
$\vec{S} \cdot (\vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}_2)$	+	+	-	+	-
$(\vec{S} \cdot \vec{k}_1) (\vec{S} \cdot (\vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}_2))$	+	-	-	-	+

Studies of discrete symmetries using the photon's polarization  
Unique feature of the J-PET

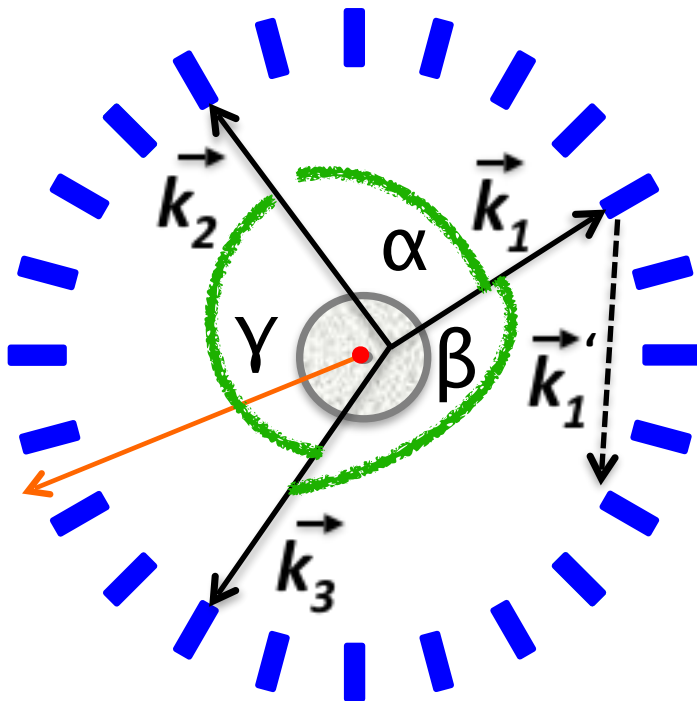
New operators available with J-PET With  $\vec{\epsilon}_i = \vec{k}_i \times \vec{k}'_i$

Operators	C	P	T	CP	CPT
$\vec{\epsilon}_1 \cdot \vec{k}_2$	+	-	-	-	+
$\vec{S} \cdot \vec{\epsilon}_1$	+	+	-	+	-
$\vec{S} \cdot (\vec{k}_2 \times \vec{\epsilon}_1)$	+	-	+	-	-



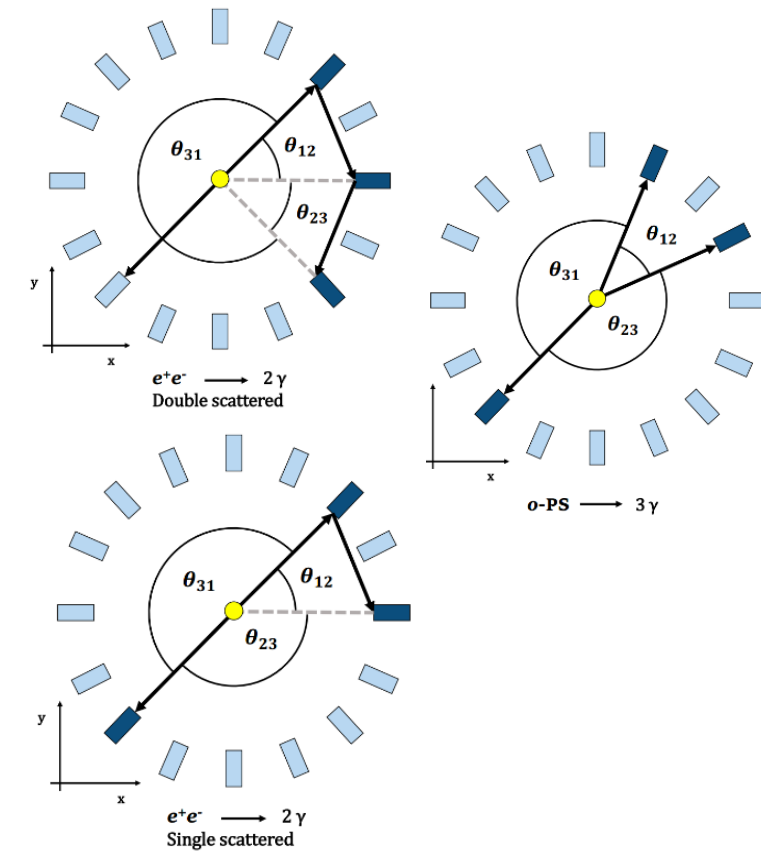
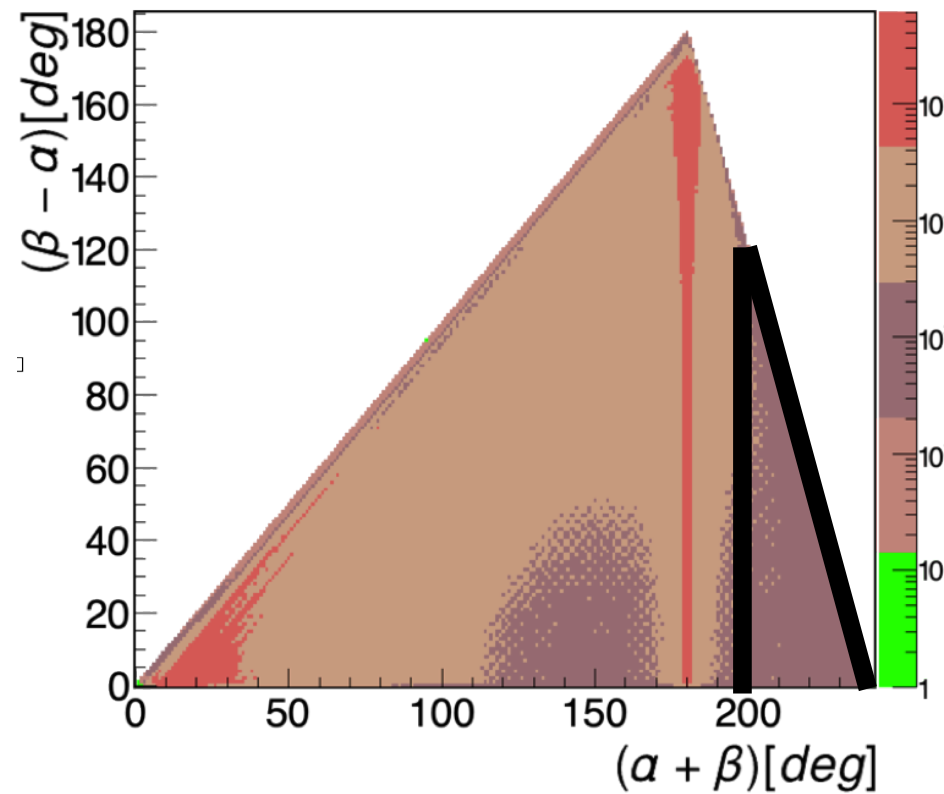


## 4-Hit events



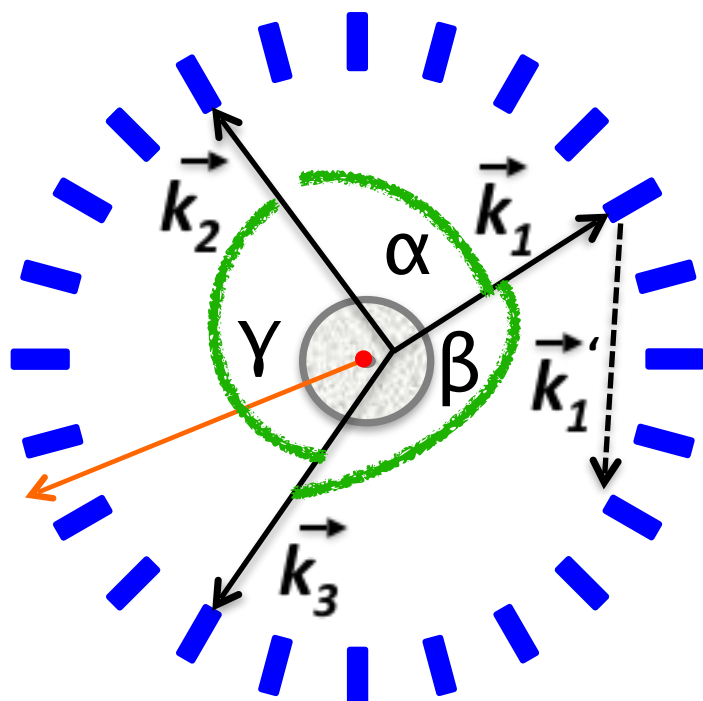
Selection of o-Ps  $\rightarrow 3\gamma$

## Angular correlations



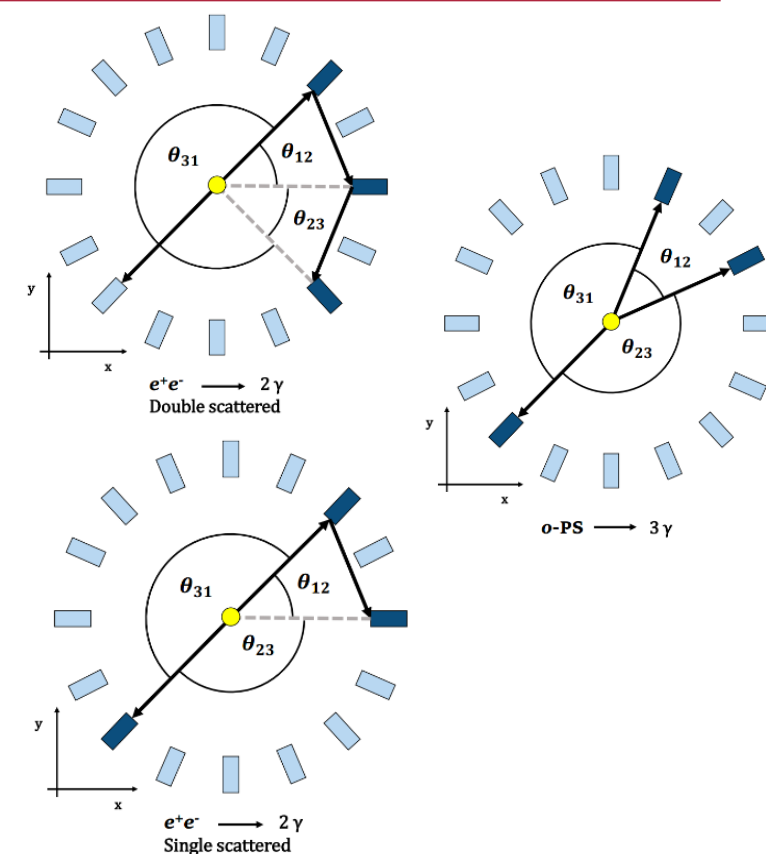
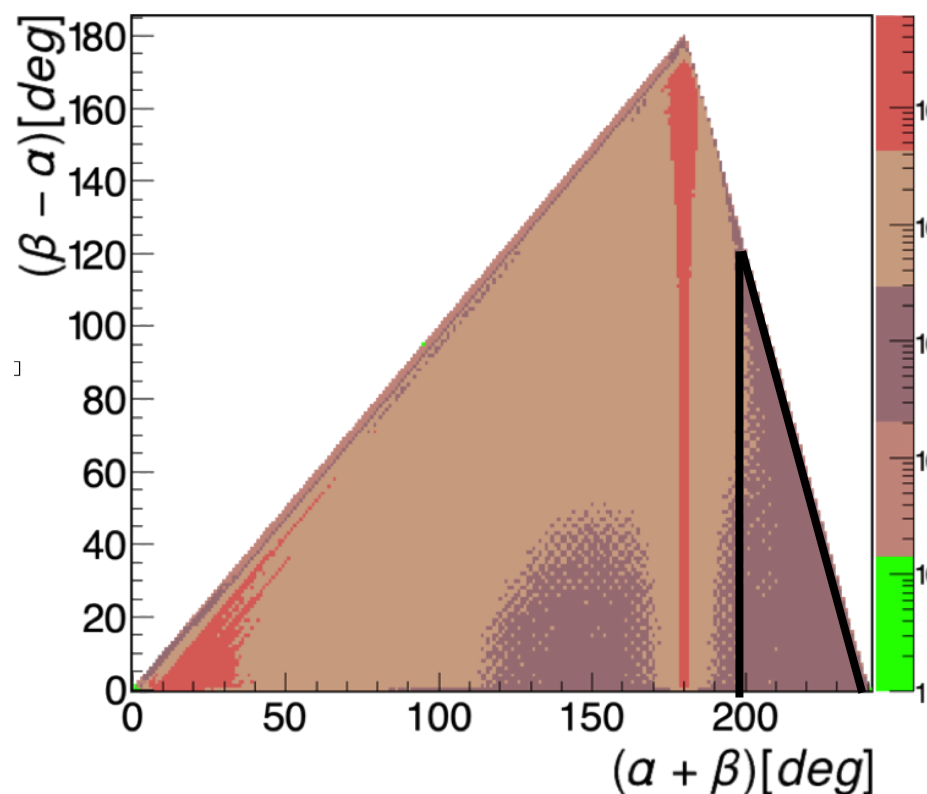
E. Czerwiński et al., Acta Phys. Polo. B 48 (2017) 1961

## 4-Hit events



## Selection of o-Ps $\rightarrow$ 3 $\gamma$

## Angular correlations



E. Czerwiński et al., Acta Phys. Polo. B 48 (2017) 1961

### Photon identification:

$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow 3\gamma$  annihilation ( $E < 511$  keV)

photon candidates

$^{22}\text{Ne}^*$  de-excitation ( $E = 1.27$  MeV)

photon candidates

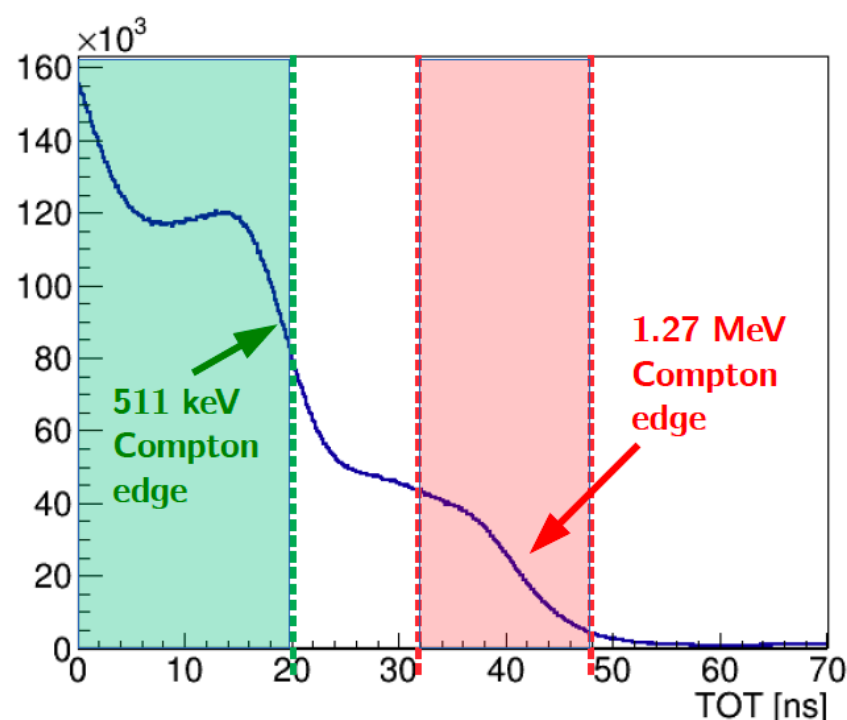
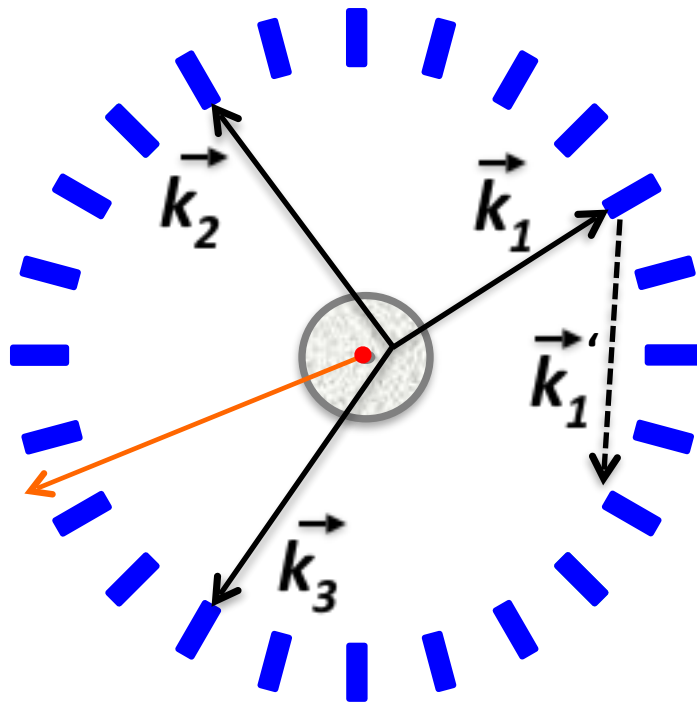


Figure is adopted from A. Gajos slides

## 4-Hit events



Selection of o-Ps  $\rightarrow$  3  $\gamma$

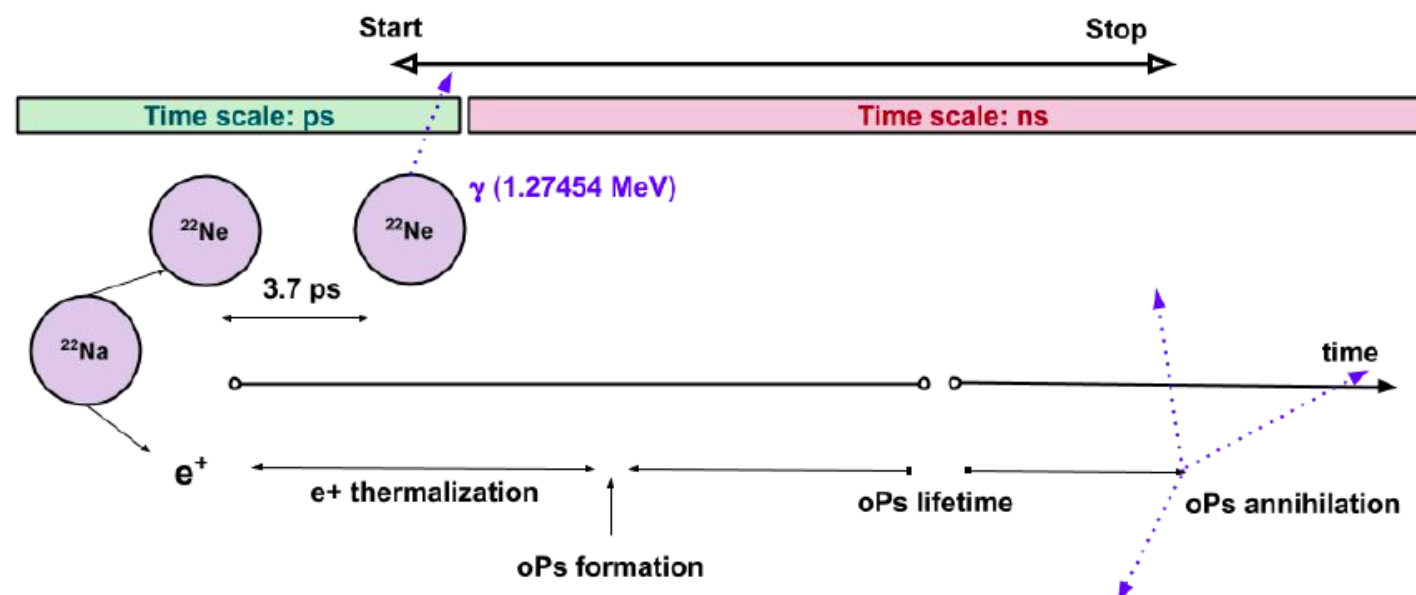
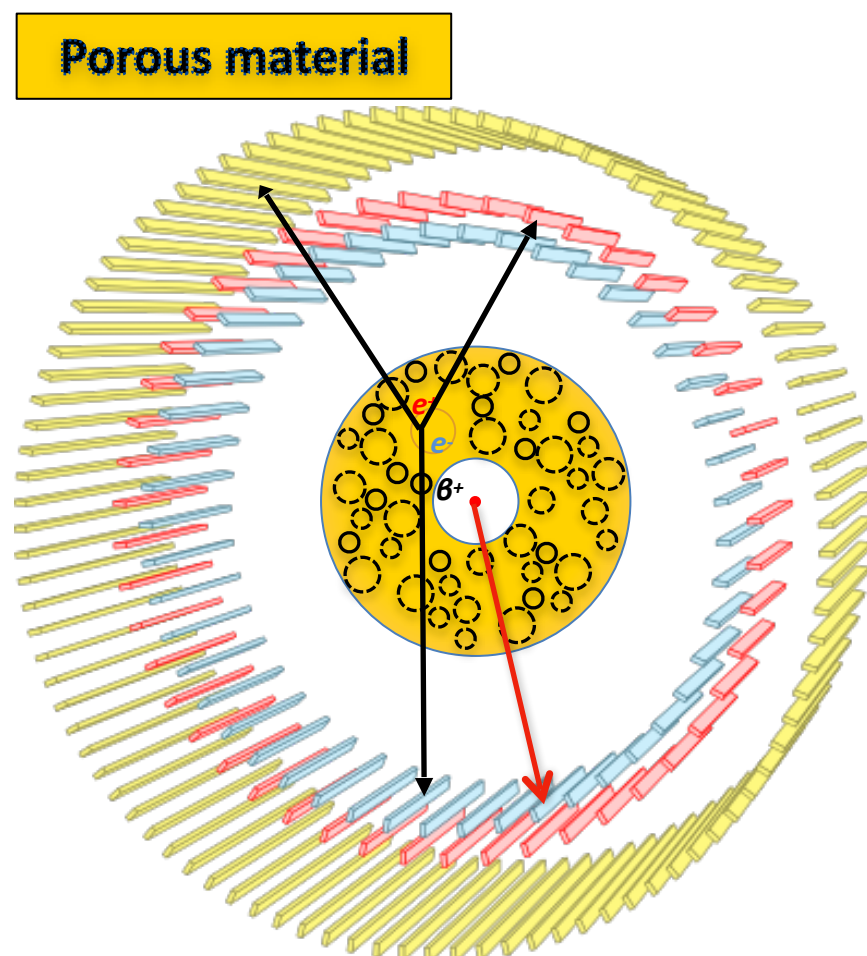
$$\vec{\epsilon}_1 = \vec{k}_1 \times \vec{k}_1'$$

$$S = (time_{scatter} - time_{origin}) - Distance_{scatter-origin} / c$$

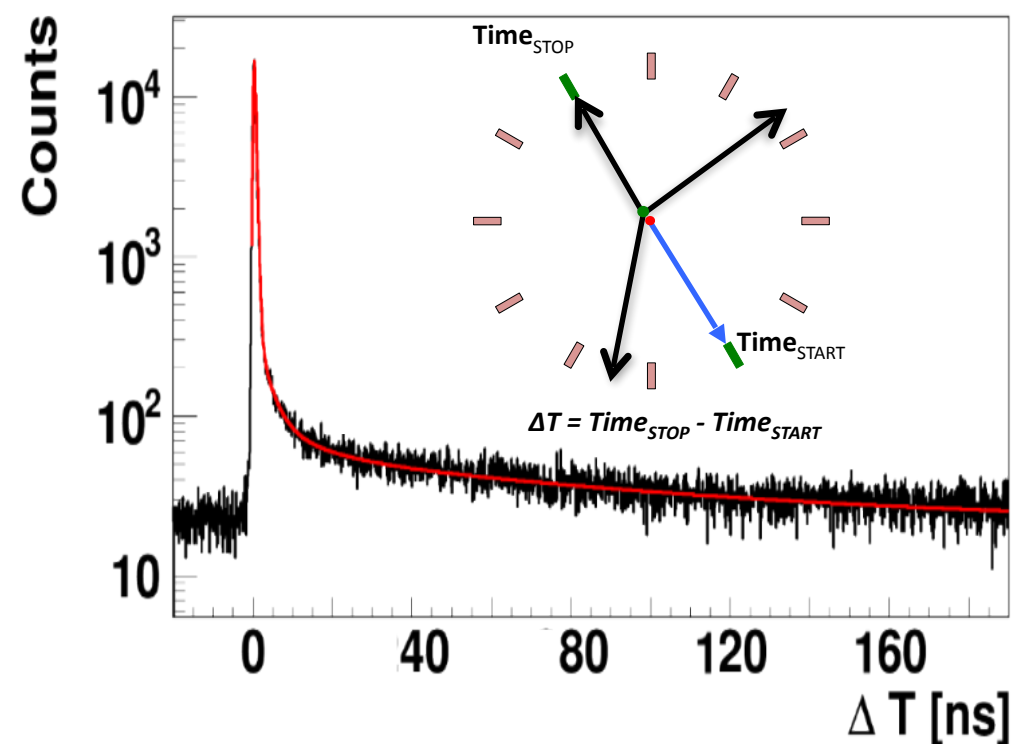
$$\langle \vec{\epsilon}_i, \vec{k}_j \rangle$$

*First experimental results will be reported soon !!!!!!!*





## Positronium life time spectra\*



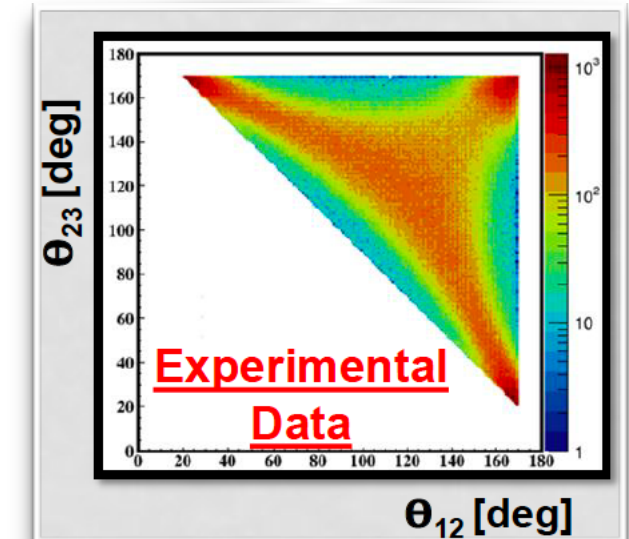
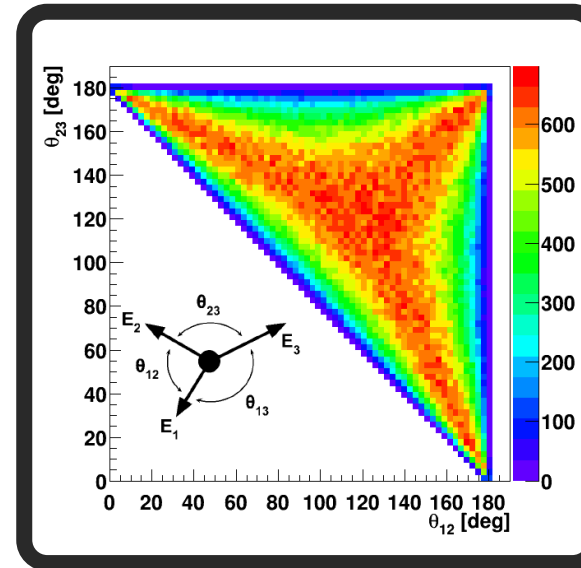
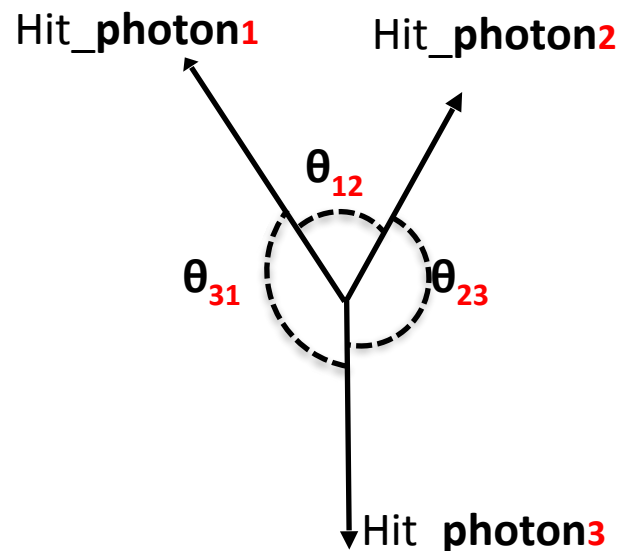
\*K. Dulski et al., Hyperfine Interact 40 (2018) 239

Study of angular correlations among the **photon originating from the decay of Positronium atom** can provide an insight into the *forbidden/rare decays* : e.g: p-Ps  $\rightarrow$   $3\gamma$

**In o-Ps decay : angular correlation**

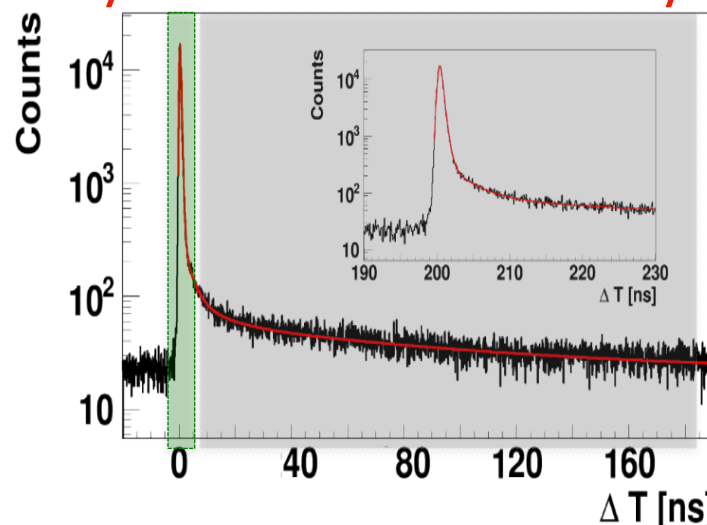
Generated : D. Kaminska et al.,  
Eur. Phys. J C 76 (2016) 445

**Preliminary**



From the analysis of J. Chhokar

Study of angular correlations among the 3 photon originating from the decay of Positronium atom, distinguish based on the life time of positronium atom at various symmetrical configuration ( **p-ps- $\rightarrow$   $3\gamma$  decay mode is restricted by Bose-statistics**)



**Charge Symmetry violation test  
using J-PET detector**

K. Dulski et al., Hyperfine Interact 40 (2018) 239



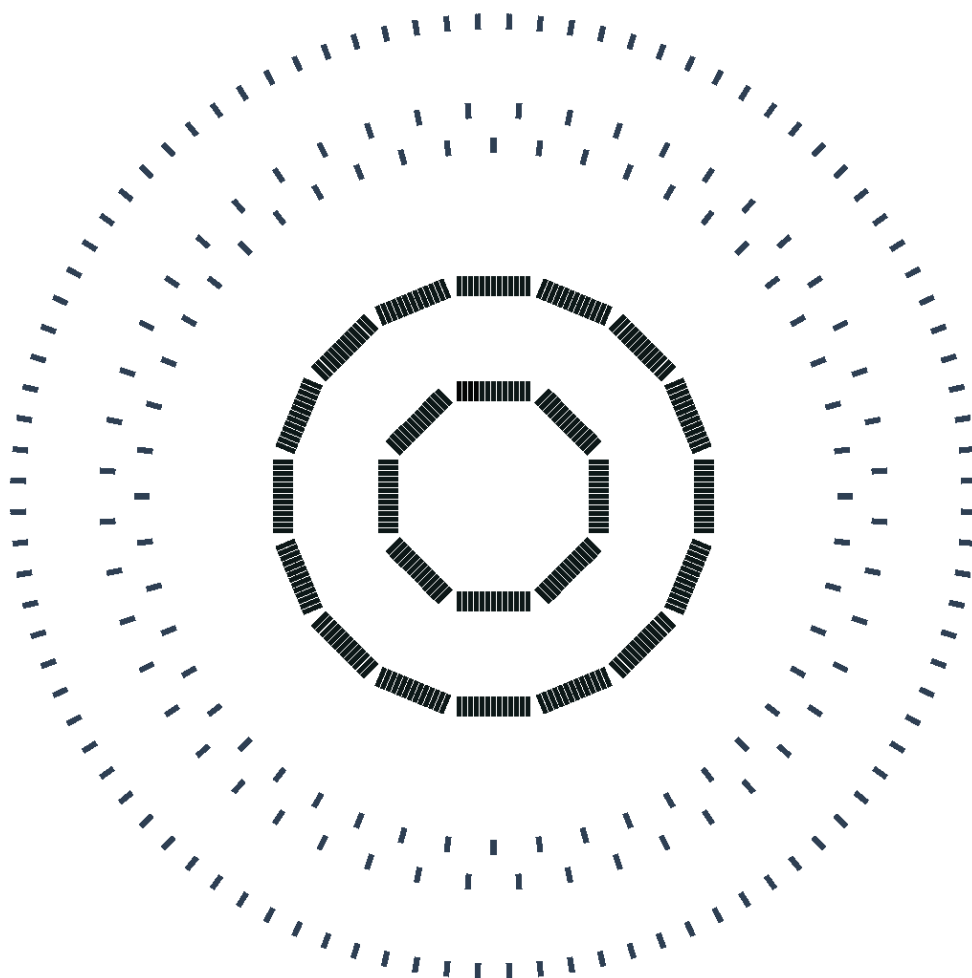
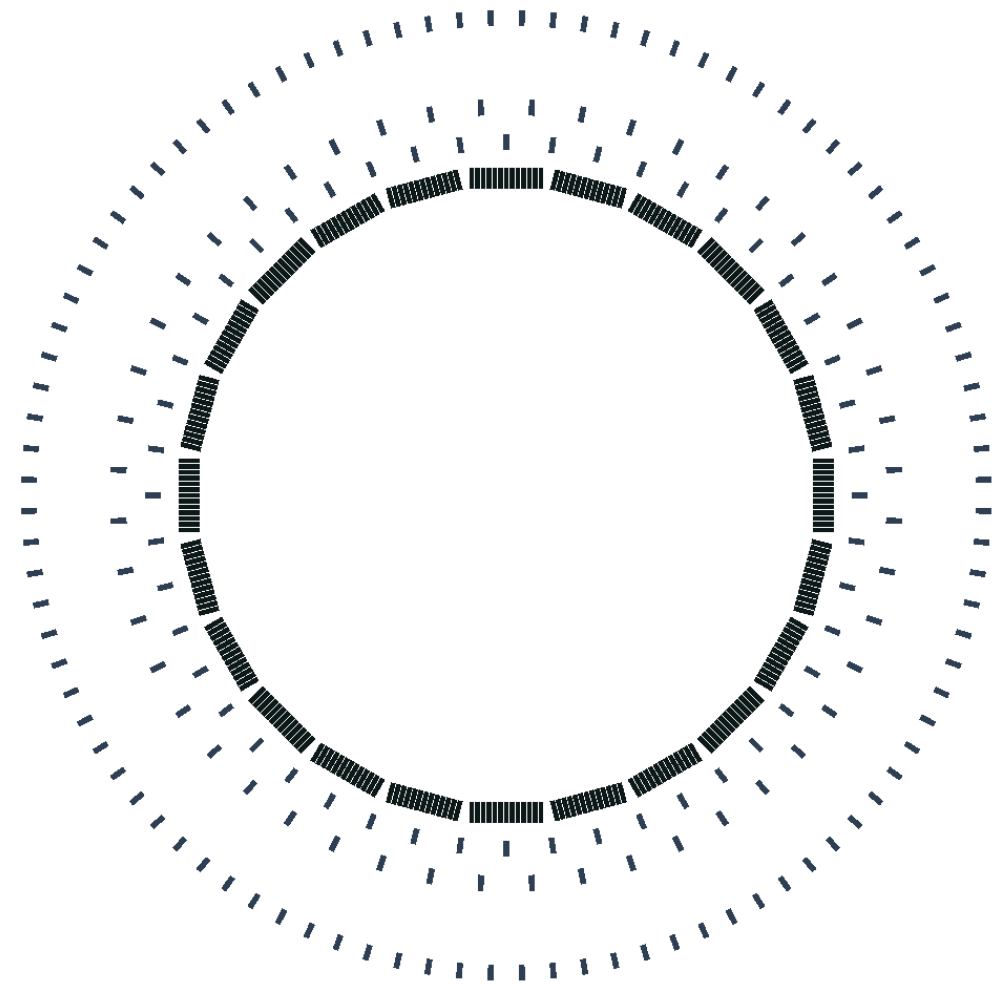
# Advantages with Modular J-PET - Future Prospective



*Stand - Alone*



*As inner layer of 3-Layer prototype*



*Multi-configurable*

*Several times better efficiency [ Advantage ]*



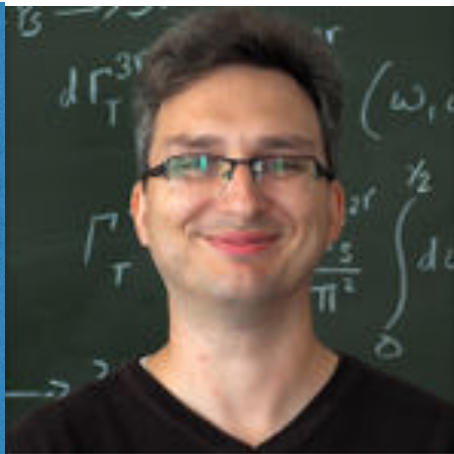
- A Positron Emission Tomograph based on *plastic scintillators* constructed and commissioned.
- Discrete symmetries are very crucial in order to understand the inequality between matter and anti-matter.
- Such inequality should have contribution of symmetry violation not only in baryonic and mesonic sectors but also from leptons.
- The experimental data on fundamental symmetry tests in leptonic sector is very scarce.
- The J-PET detector is capable to study the C, T, CP and CPT test in the decays of Ps atoms with better precision.
- Possibility to measure polarization will add up new scope to study the additional odd symmetric operators and phenomena like multi-particle entanglement.



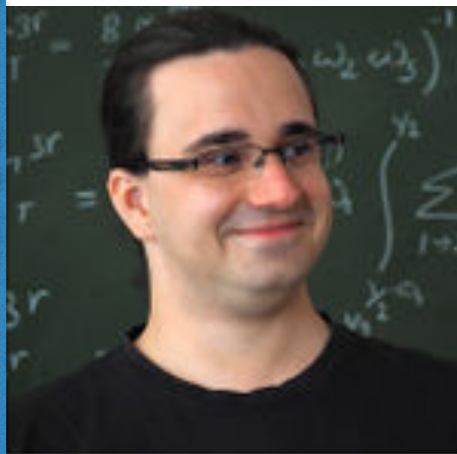
# Thank you for your attention



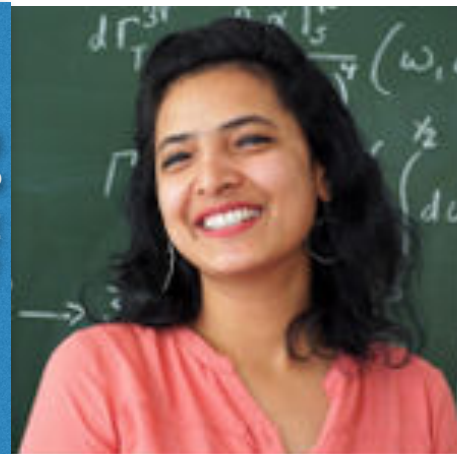
J PET



J PET



J PET



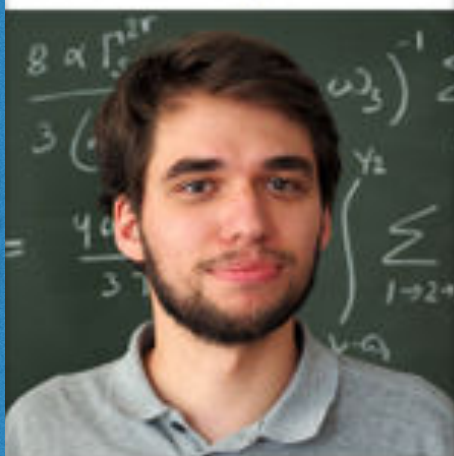
J PET



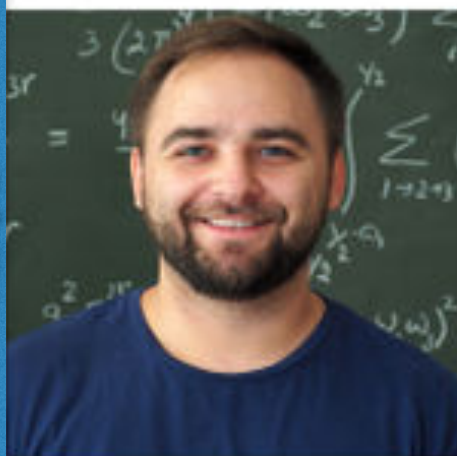
J PET



J PET



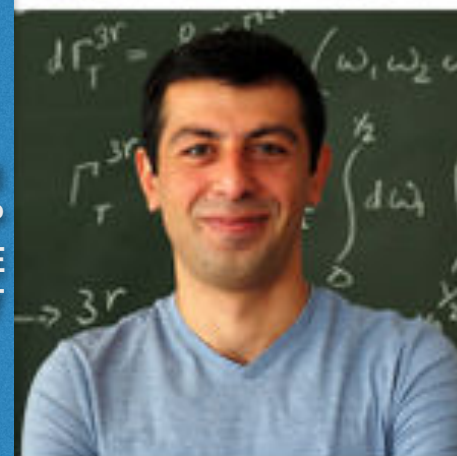
J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



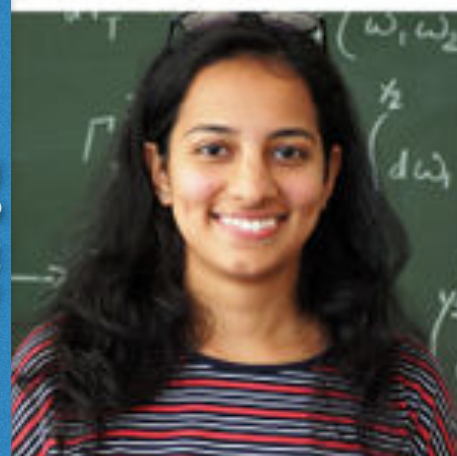
J PET



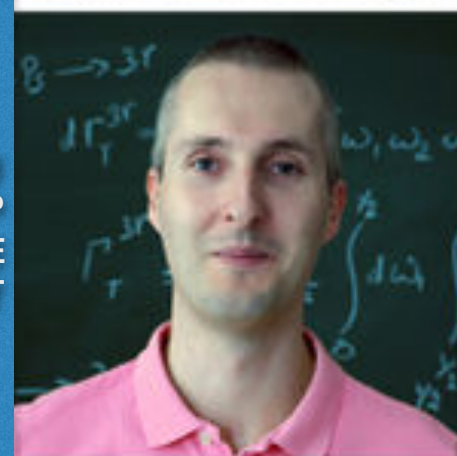
J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET



J PET

