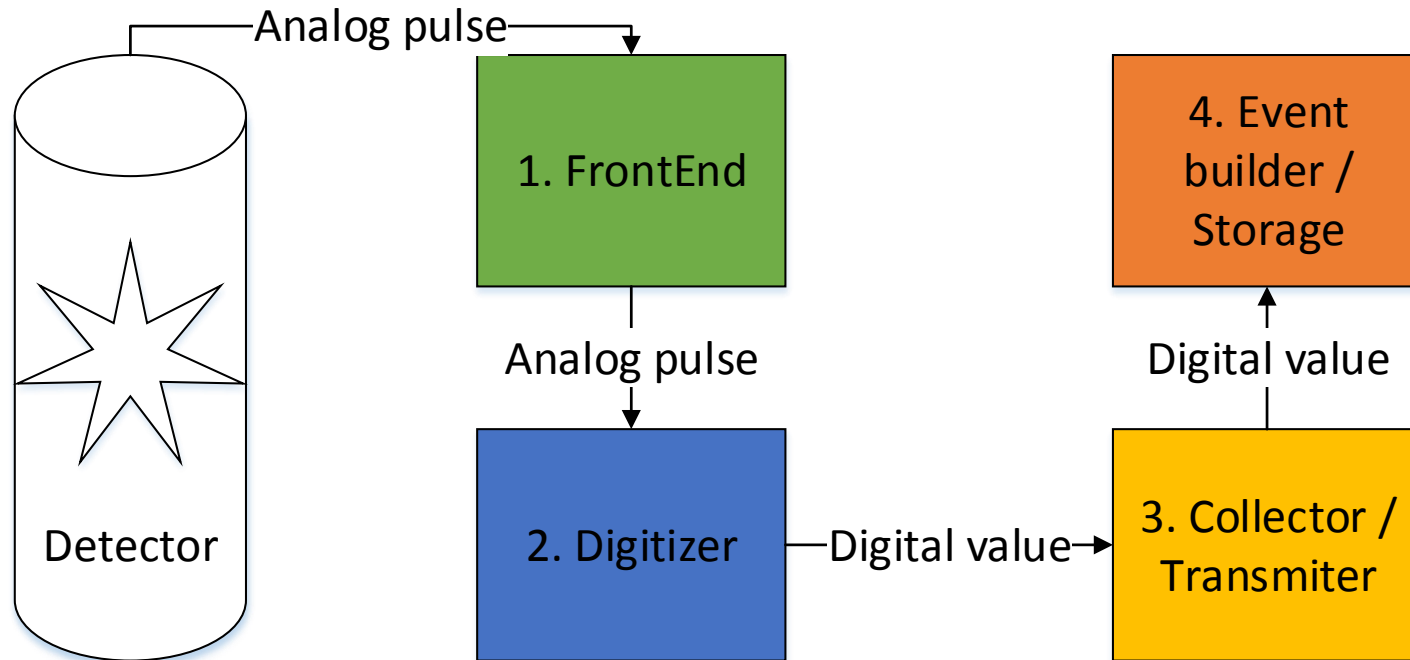


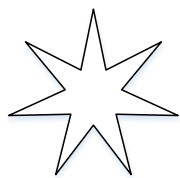


# SAMPLING FEE AND TRIGGERLESS DAQ FOR THE J-PET SCANNER

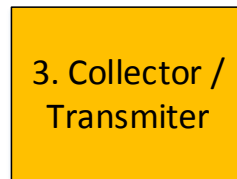
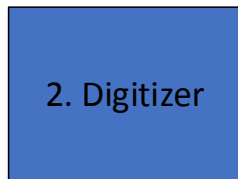
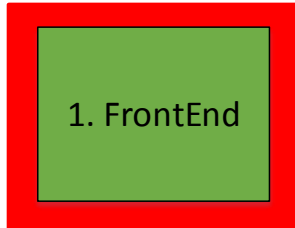
Grzegorz Korcyl, Jagiellonian University 2015

# Outline





Detector

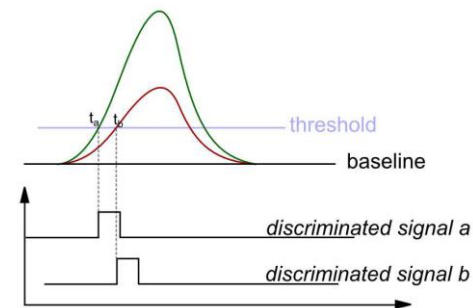


### Input analog signals:

- Sharp edges  $< 2\text{ns}$
- Amplitudes  $< 1\text{V}$

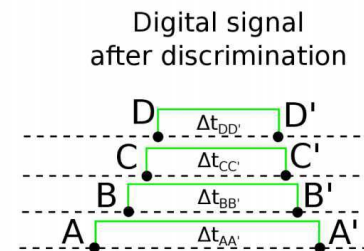
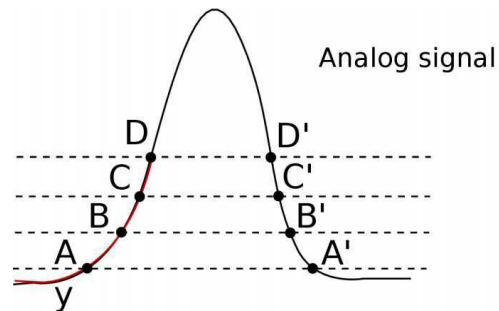
### What do we need:

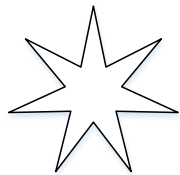
- Precise signal start time (time walk effect)
- Time Over Threshold



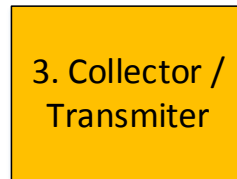
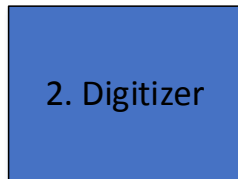
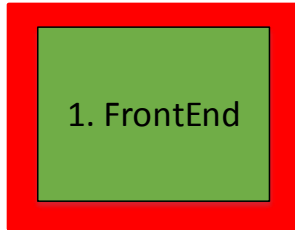
### Multi-Voltage Threshold discrimination

- Passive input signal splitter
- Fast amplifiers
- Programmable DACs

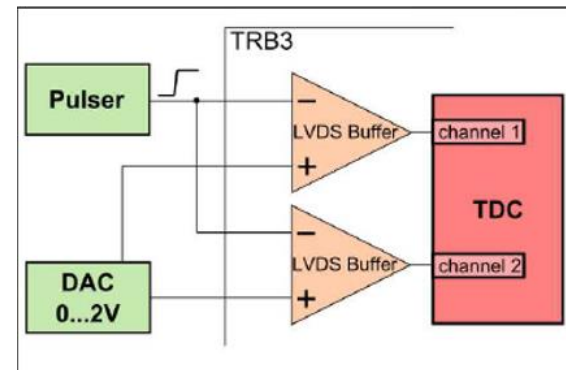




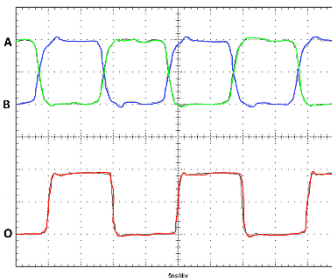
Detector



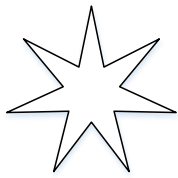
- Discrimination technique:
  - ▣ Usage of LVDS buffers inside FPGA
    - Splitted signal on input A
    - Threshold voltage on input B
    - Logical output switching at levels crossing point
  - ▣ Discriminated signal already inside FPGA



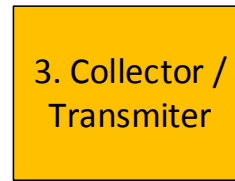
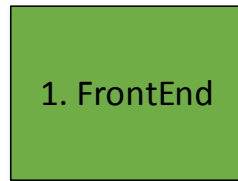
- JPET FEEv2
  - ▣ 16x input channels
  - ▣ 8x daisy chained DACs



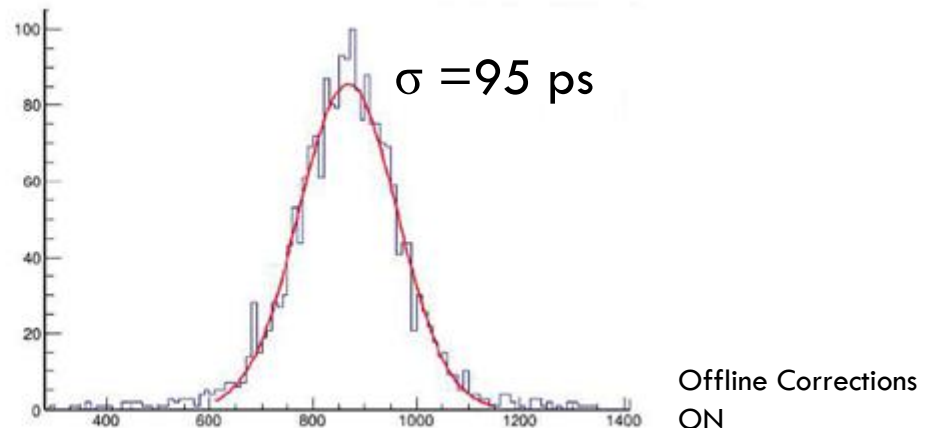
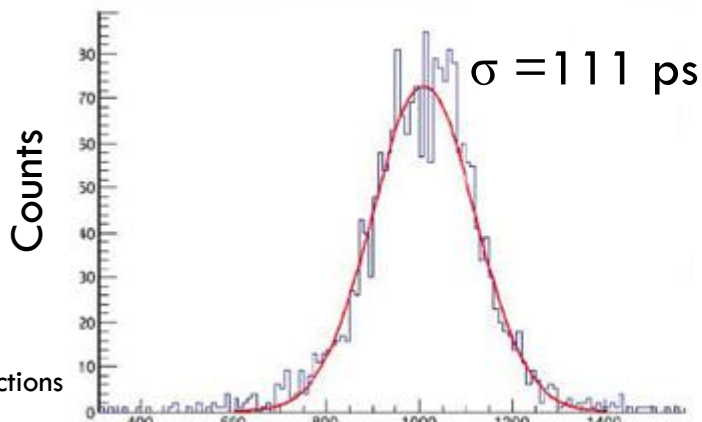
- Patent application [J-PET: M. Palka, et al.]
  - ▣ „A method and a device measuring parameters of an analog signal”
  - ▣ WIPO: WO/2015/028600, 2015

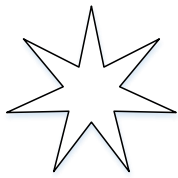


Detector



- High resolution TDC implementation inside FPGA
  - Discrimination and digitizer inside one chip
  - Time resolution 12ps
  - 48 channels with both edges per chip
- Achieved time resolution (PMT+FEE+TDC) < 100ps
  - Time difference between two PMTs on the same strip





Detector

1. FrontEnd

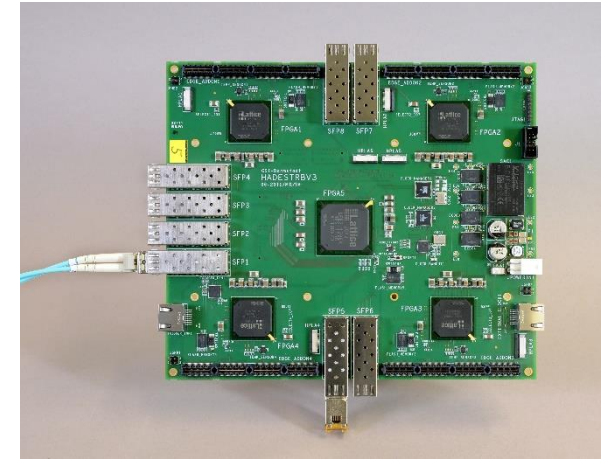
2. Digitizer

3. Collector /  
Transmitter

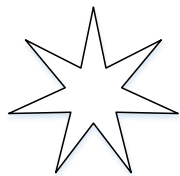
4. Event  
builder /  
Storage

## □ Trigger Readout Board v3 Platform

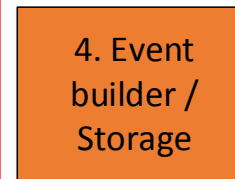
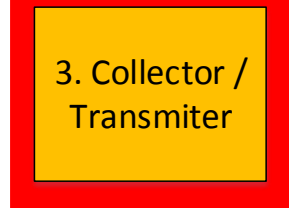
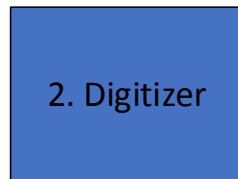
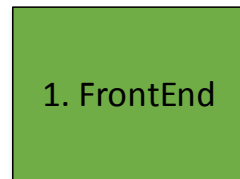
- 4x Edge FPGAs with TDC instances
  - Connector for FEE (power, data, control)
- Central FPGA
  - System controller
  - Concentrator
  - GbE Gateway
- Reconfigurable electronics
- Multiple boards connected in master-slaves mode
- Time synchronization through reference channels



Korcyl, G.; Traxler, M.; Bayer, E.; Maier, L.; Michel, J.; Palka, M.  
„A compact system for high precision time measurements (<14 ps RMS)  
and integrated acquisition for a large number of channels”,  
JINST 10.1088/1748-0221/6/12/C12004



Detector



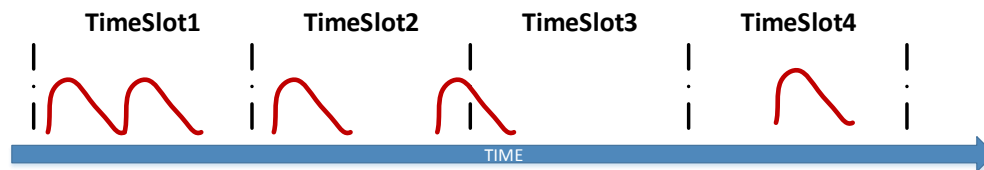
- Continuous data recording over the measurement period
  - ▣ Not used before in medical imaging scanners
  - ▣ 500 channels and data rates over 1GB/s
  - ▣ Constant 50kHz readout rate
  - ▣ Dead time reduced to minimum (order of tens ns)

- Pros:

- ▣ No data loss due to preliminary event selection
- ▣ Reduced measurement time

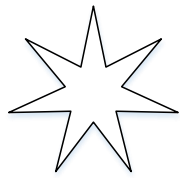
- Cons:

- ▣ High data rates
- ▣ Significant amount of storage, reaching up to TB per measurement
- ▣ A lot of background noise registered

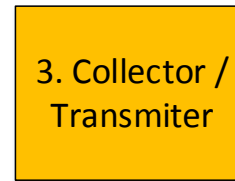
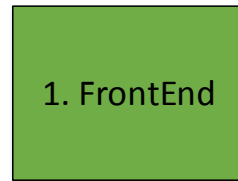


- Patent Application [J-PET: G. Korcyl et al.]

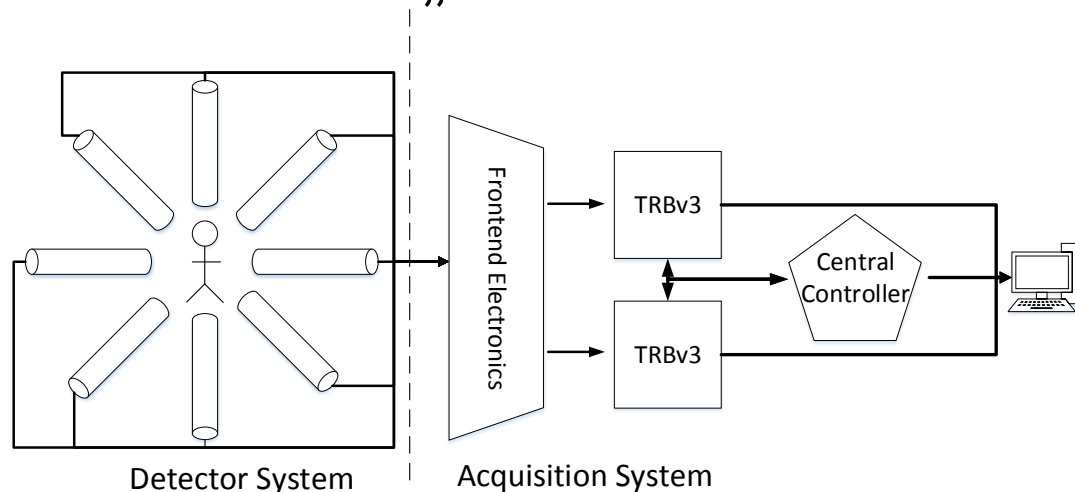
- ▣ „A System for acquisition of tomographic measurement data”
- ▣ WIPO/WO/2015/028594



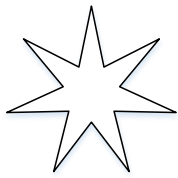
Detector



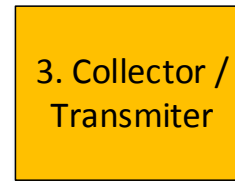
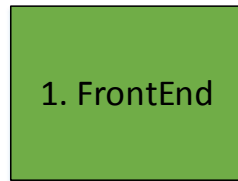
- Distribution of raw data over 16 machines
  - ▣ Networking and storage issues
  - ▣ Time consuming offline data filtering and preparation for analysis
  
- Online filtering and event building
  - ▣ Zynq SoC based board „in the middle”





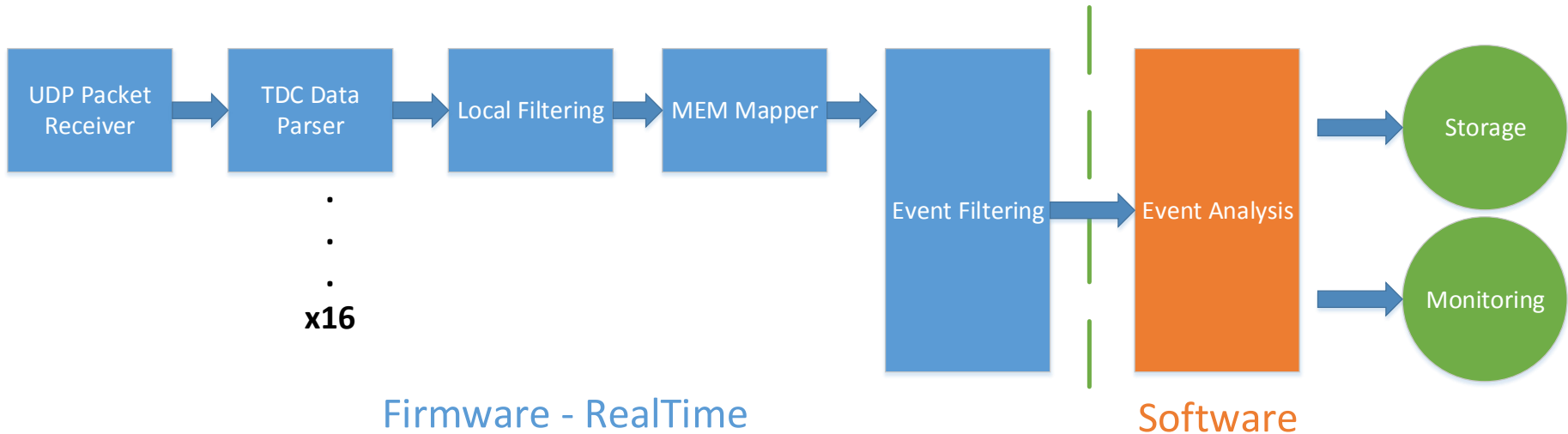


Detector



## □ Central Controller Module

- ▣ Hardware online processing of up to 16x GbE data streams



- ▣ Feature extraction on real time data streams
  - Data reduction
- ▣ High level software analysis
  - Online monitoring
  - High level data structures construction
  - Reconstruction algorithms

# Summary

- A complete solution for signal measurement and data acquisition for JPET has been developed
  - Hardware
  - Firmware
  - Software
- Two novel methods:
  - Discrimination and time measurement as FPGA fabric and logic
  - Continuous readout mode
- Prototype setups constructed and under evaluation