

# Dalitz plot determination for the $o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow 3 \gamma$ decay with J-PET

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*On the behalf of the J-PET collaboration*



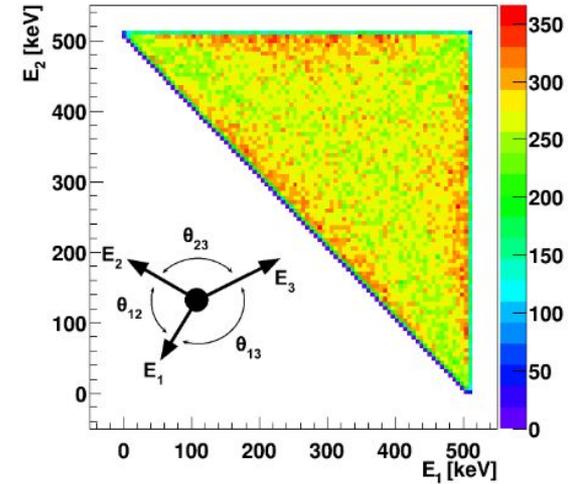
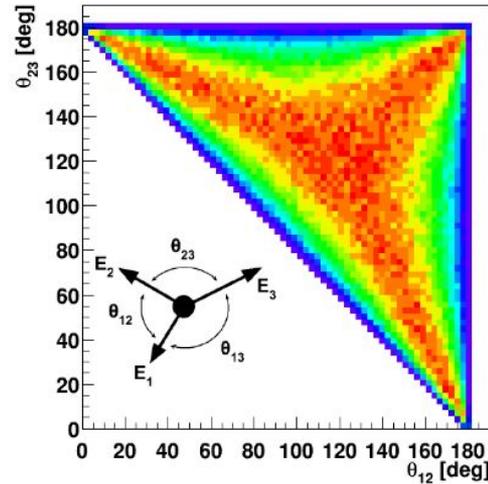
**3<sup>rd</sup> Symposium on Positron Emission Tomography  
and 1<sup>st</sup> Symposium on Boron Neutron Capture Therapy**

Kraków, 10<sup>th</sup> - 15<sup>th</sup> September 2018

# Goal of the analysis

## First experimental o-Ps Dalitz plot determination

According to the theory →



Energies can be determined using  
angles between momentum vectors



$$E_1 = -2m_e \frac{-\cos\theta_{13} + \cos\theta_{12}\cos\theta_{23}}{(-1 + \cos\theta_{12})(1 + \cos\theta_{12} - \cos\theta_{13} - \cos\theta_{23})},$$
$$E_2 = -2m_e \frac{\cos\theta_{12}\cos\theta_{13} - \cos\theta_{23}}{(-1 + \cos\theta_{12})(1 + \cos\theta_{12} - \cos\theta_{13} - \cos\theta_{23})},$$
$$E_3 = 2m_e \frac{1 + \cos\theta_{12}}{1 + \cos\theta_{12} - \cos\theta_{13} - \cos\theta_{23}}.$$

# Outline

- **Run-5 data analysis:**

- 3 hits and 4 hits selection

- **Monte Carlo simulations:**

- signal ( o-Ps  $\rightarrow$  3  $\gamma$  )

- background (  $e^+e^-$  annihilation + scatterings)

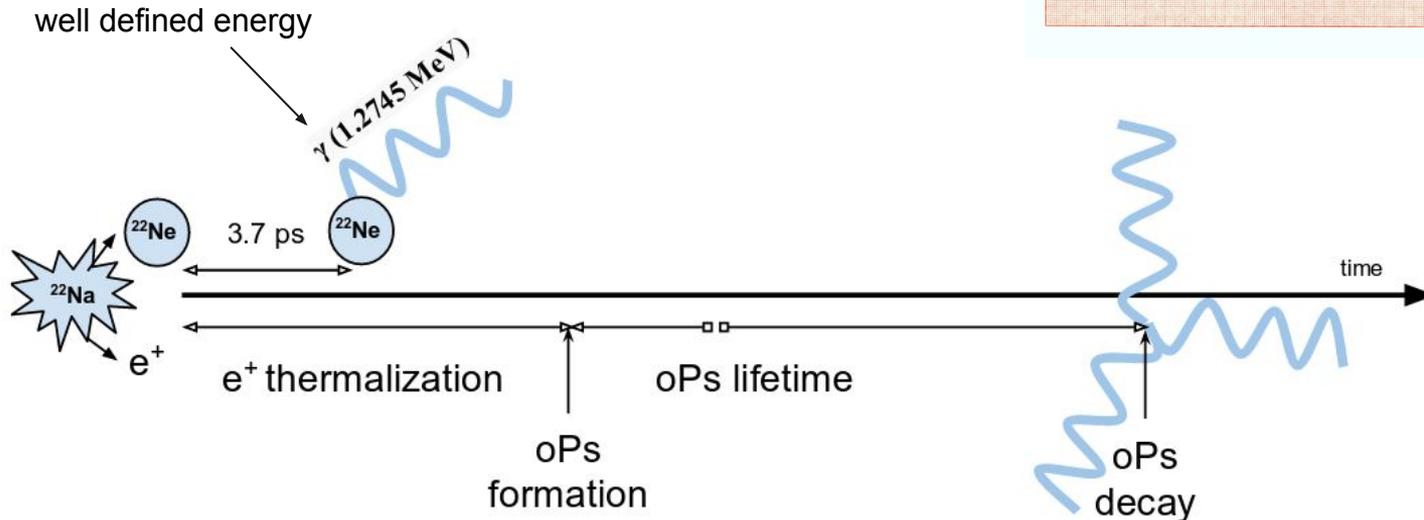
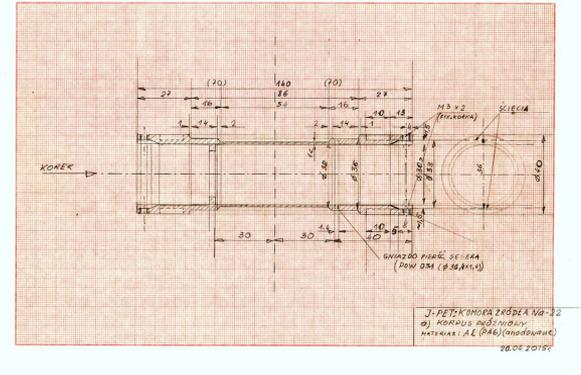
- **Preliminary fits**

# Run-5 data analysis

## Small Chamber measurements:

**$\beta^+$  source:** sodium-22 ( $^{22}\text{Na} \rightarrow ^{22}\text{Ne}^* + e^+ + \nu_e$ )

**porous material:** amberlite polymer XAD-4

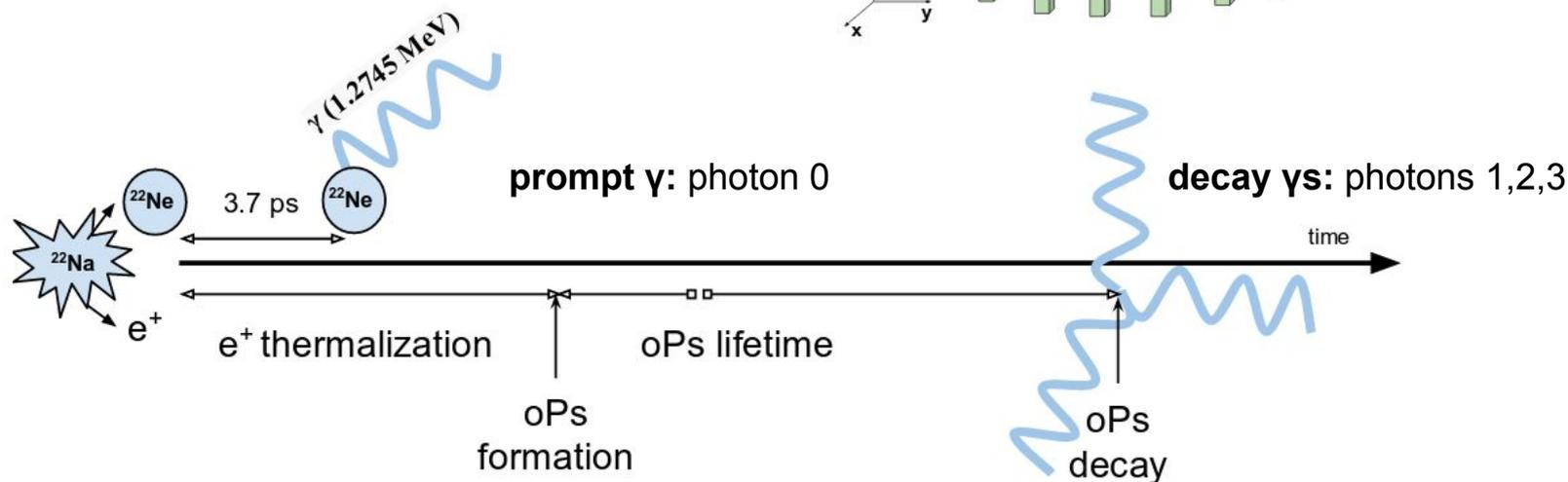
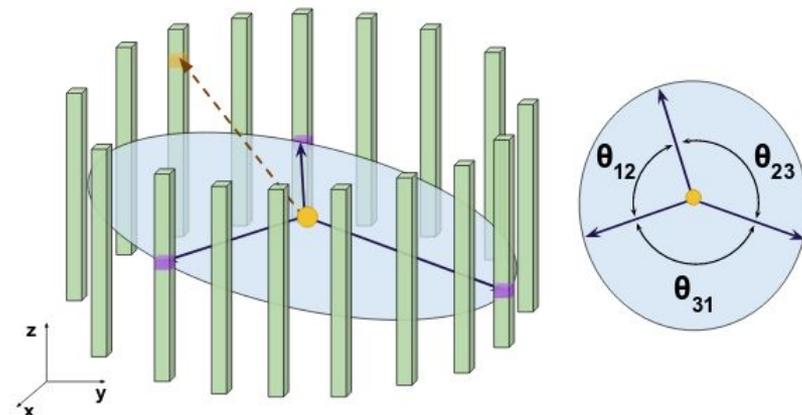


# Run-5 data analysis

Hits in the scintillators:

- **3 hits:**  $\gamma$ s from the o-Ps decay (signal)
- **4 hits:** 3  $\gamma$ s from the o-Ps + prompt  $\gamma$  (signal)

**Analyzed sample: 996 data files** → ~ 8 h

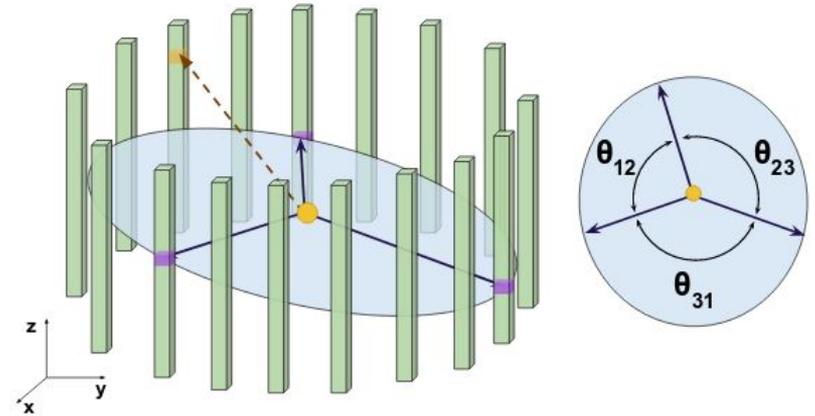


# Run-5 data analysis

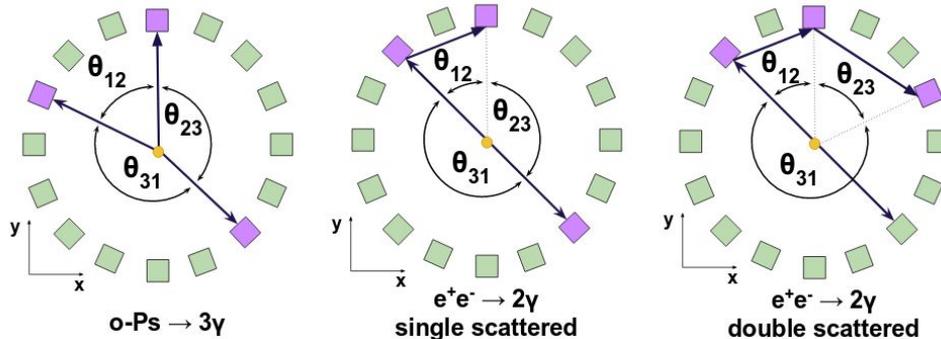
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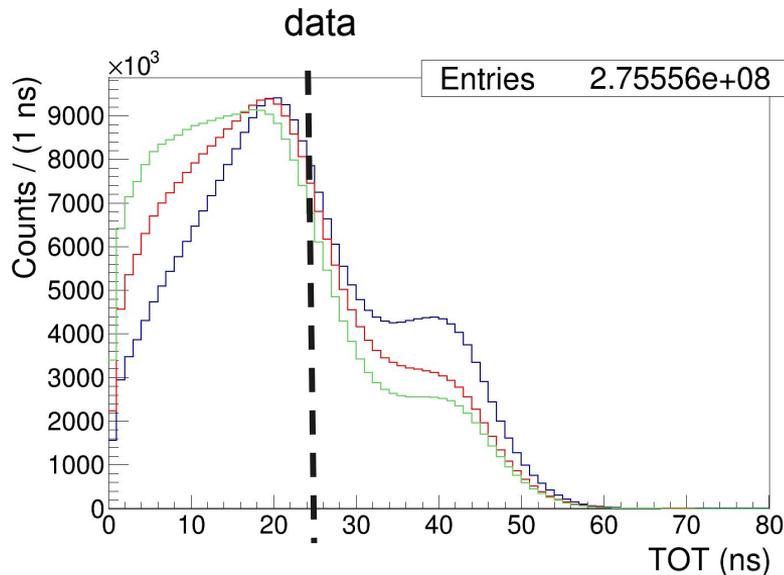
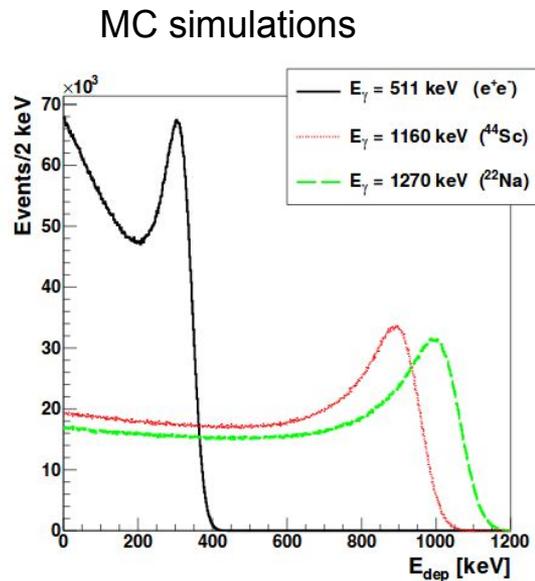


## Background: scatterings in the strips



# 3 Hits Selection

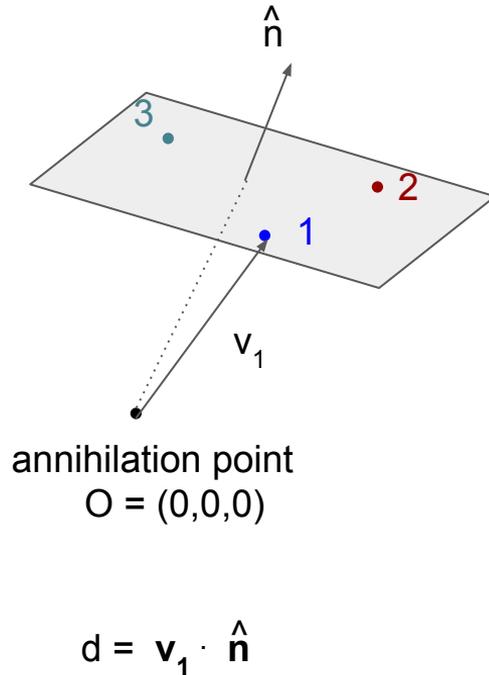
**CUT 1:** selection based on the energy deposited in the scintillators (using the TOT information)



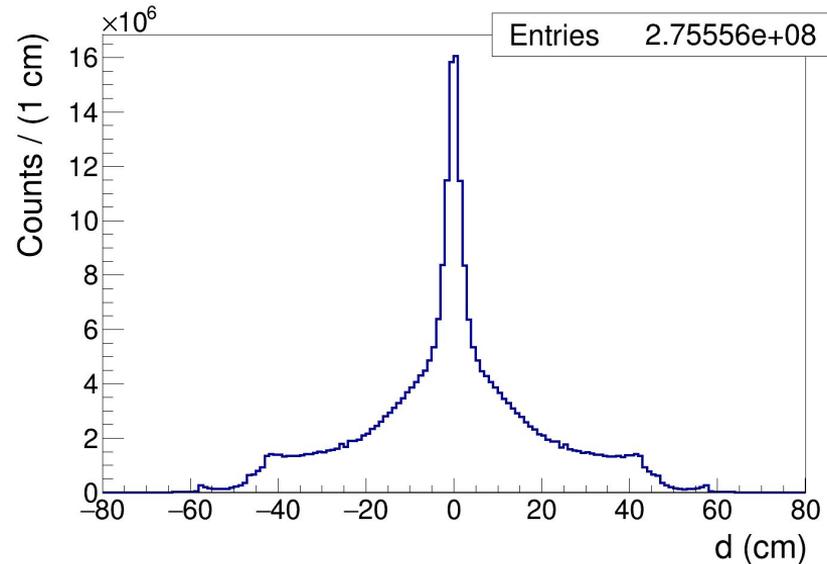
**$TOT_1 < 25 \text{ ns}$  &  $TOT_2 < 25 \text{ ns}$  &  $TOT_3 < 25 \text{ ns}$**

# 3 Hits Selection

Hits:  $(x^{\text{Hit}}, y^{\text{Hit}}, z^{\text{Hit}}, t^{\text{Hit}})$  → Using the coordinates of the 3 Hits the decay plane is found.



**CUT2:** The decay plane has to contain the annihilation point  
 $O = (0,0,0)$



**$|d| < 2 \text{ cm}$**

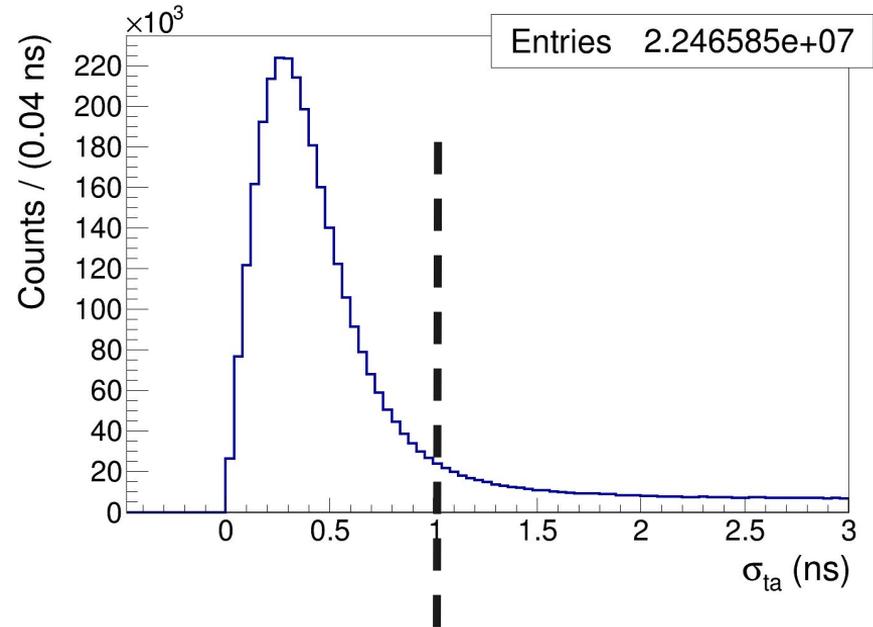
# 3 Hits Selection

**CUT3:** The three photons are emitted at the same time

- distance from the annihilation point  
$$r_i = \text{sqrt}(x_i^{\text{Hit}^2} + y_i^{\text{Hit}^2} + z_i^{\text{Hit}^2})$$
- annihilation time determination for  $\gamma_i$   
$$t_{ai} = t_i^{\text{Hit}} - r_i / c$$
- $t_a = \frac{1}{3} (t_{a1} + t_{a2} + t_{a3})$

$$\sigma_{ta} = \text{sqrt}(\frac{1}{3} [(t_{a1} - t_a)^2 + (t_{a2} - t_a)^2 + (t_{a3} - t_a)^2])$$

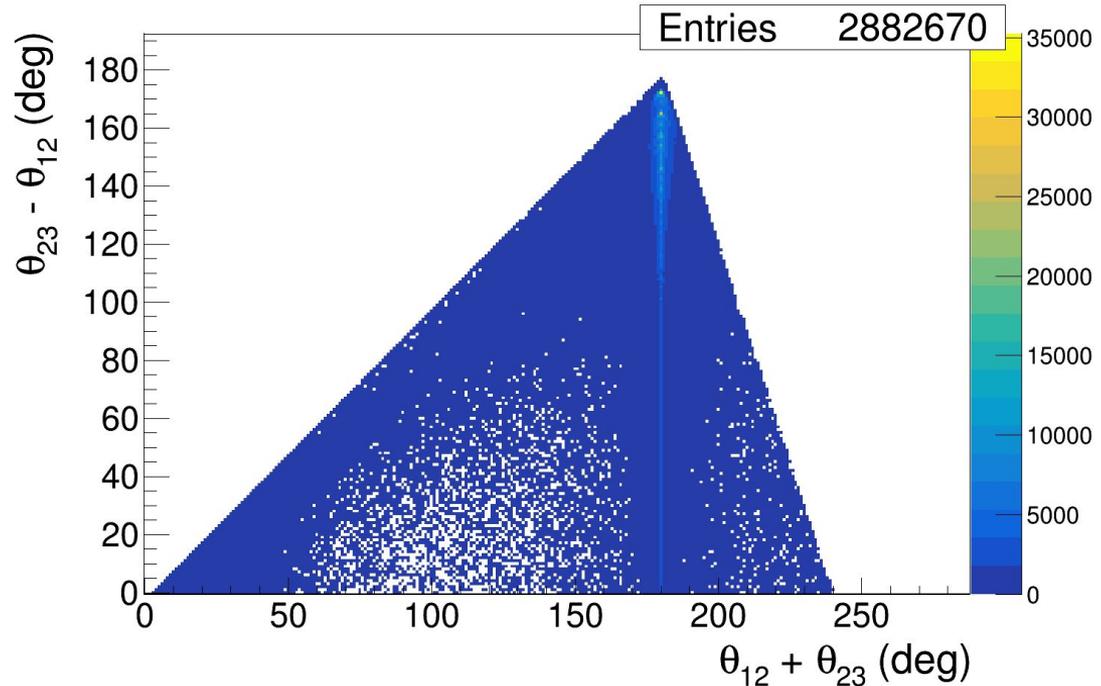
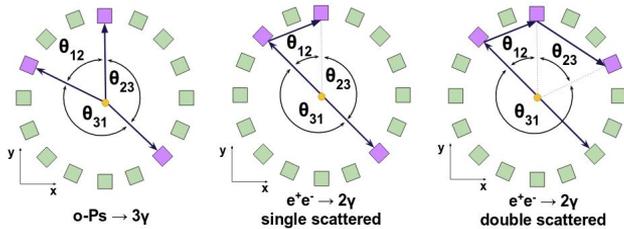
$$\sigma_{ta} < 1 \text{ ns}$$



# 3 Hits Selection

**CUT4:** Momentum conservation ( $\theta_{12} < \theta_{23} < \theta_{31}$ )

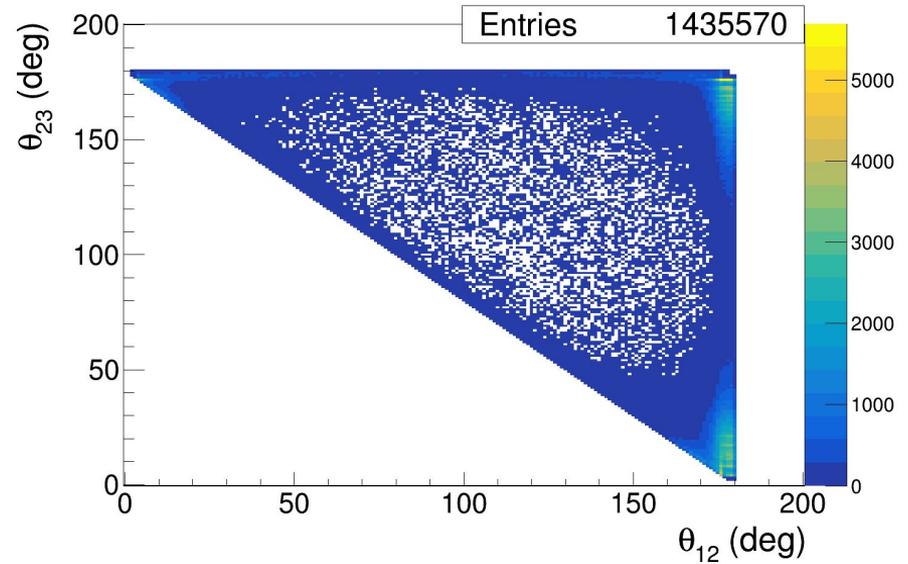
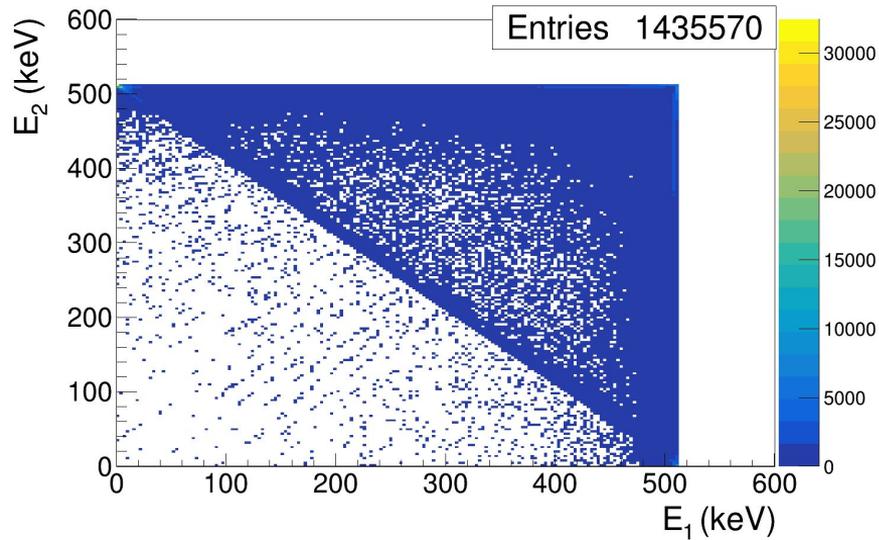
$$\theta_{12} + \theta_{23} > 180$$



# 3 Hits Selection

## Dalitz plot and $\theta_{23}$ vs $\theta_{12}$

Photons are ordered by annihilation time:  $t_{a1} < t_{a2} < t_{a3}$



# Monte Carlo simulations

## 1. Signal:

$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3$$

$$(\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3)$$

## 2. Background 1:

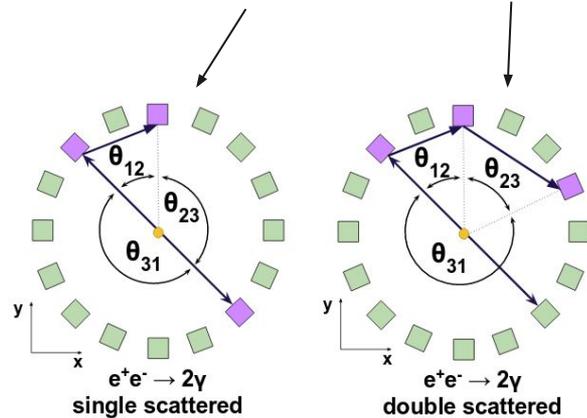
$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 + \text{scattering}$$

$$(\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = \{ (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_3), (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_1), \dots \}$$

## 3. Background 2:

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \text{scattering}$$

$$(\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = \{ (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_2), (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_1), \dots \}$$

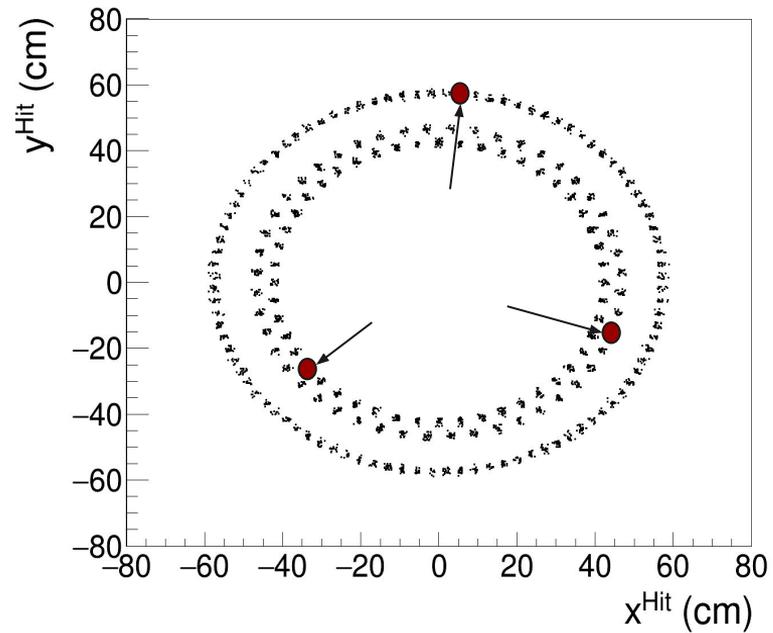
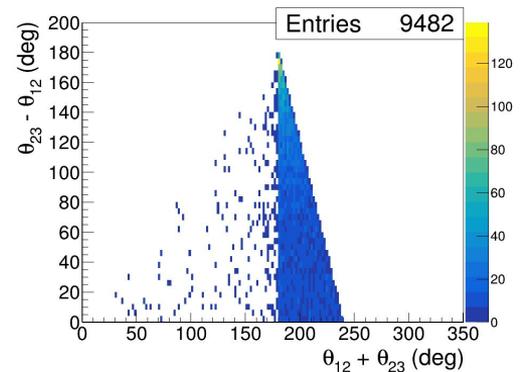
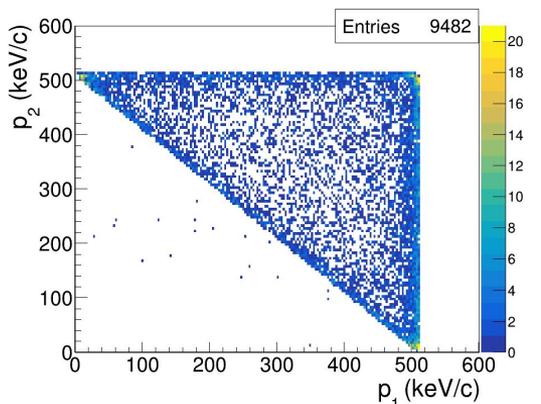


# Monte Carlo simulations

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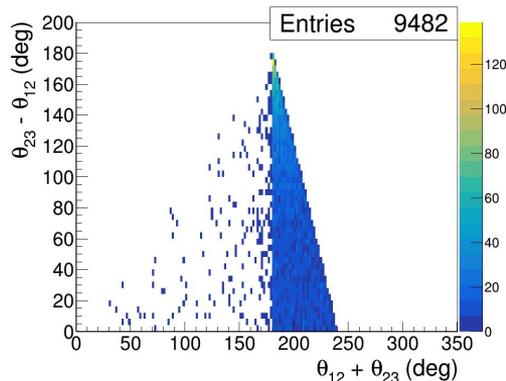
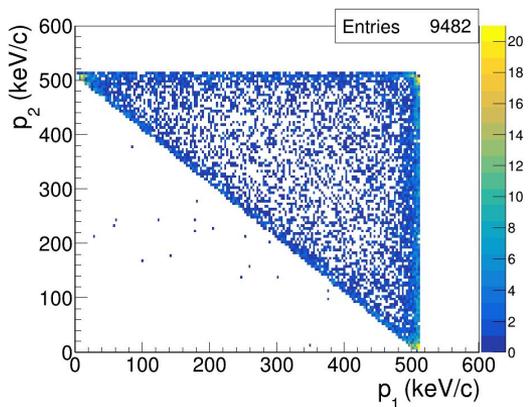


# Monte Carlo simulations

## 1. Signal:

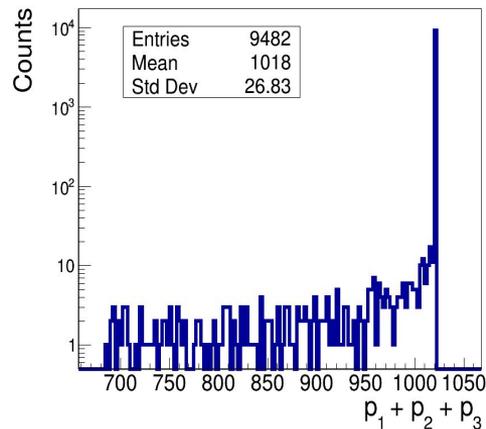
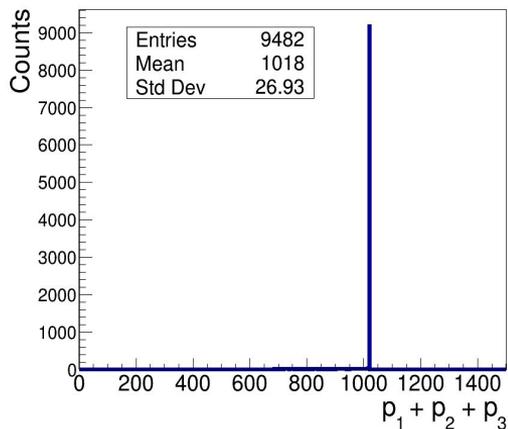
$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3$$

$$(\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3)$$



Check: energy-conservation

$$E_1 + E_2 + E_3 = 2m_e$$

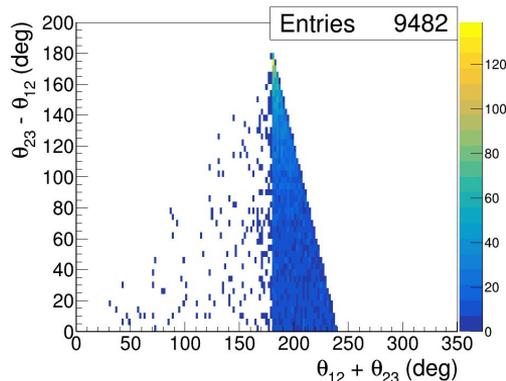
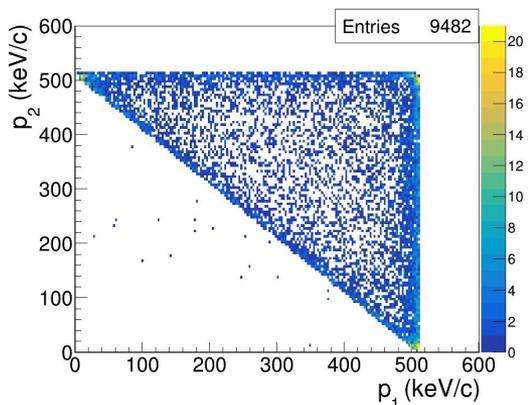


# Monte Carlo simulations

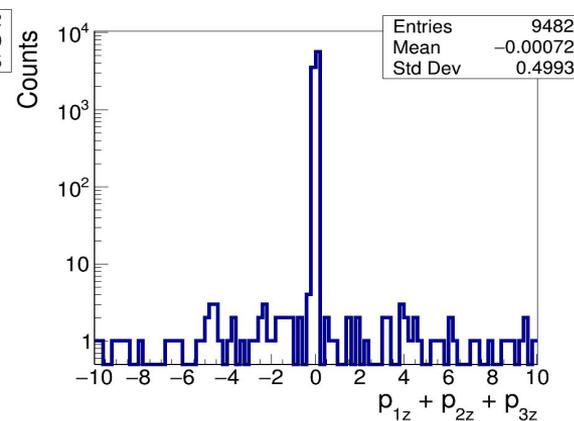
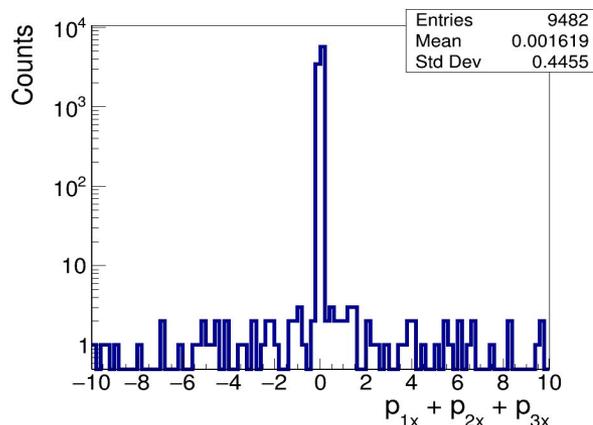
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$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3$$

$$(\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3)$$



Check: momentum-conservation  $\mathbf{p}_1 + \mathbf{p}_2 + \mathbf{p}_3 = \mathbf{0}$



# Monte Carlo simulations

## 1. Signal:

$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 \qquad (\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3)$$

Additional requirement:  $E_1 + E_2 + E_3 > 1020 \text{ keV}$

Additional requirement:  $|p_{1x} + p_{2x} + p_{3x}| < 0.2 \text{ keV}/c$   
 $|p_{1y} + p_{2y} + p_{3y}| < 0.2 \text{ keV}/c$   
 $|p_{1z} + p_{2z} + p_{3z}| < 0.2 \text{ keV}/c$

## 2. Background 1:

$$o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 + \text{scattering} \qquad (\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = \{ (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_3), (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_1), \dots \}$$

## 3. Background 2:

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \text{scattering} \qquad (\text{Hit}_1, \text{Hit}_2, \text{Hit}_3) = \{ (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_2), (\gamma_1, \gamma_1, \gamma_1), \dots \}$$

# Monte Carlo simulations

## Efficiencies:

The same cuts used for the data are applied (except for the cut on the TOT):

1. decay plane contains the annihilation point  $\rightarrow |d| < 2 \text{ cm}$
2. same time of annihilation for the 3  $\gamma$   $\rightarrow \sigma_t < 1 \text{ ns}$
3. momentum conservation for 3 $\gamma$  from o-Ps  $\rightarrow \theta_{12} + \theta_{23} > 180$
4.  $E_{\text{dep}} > 50 \text{ keV}$  (threshold)

## Signal:

- $1 \times 10^8$  generated
- 1400 detected
- 1400 selected

## Background 1:

- $1 \times 10^8$  generated
- 13347 detected
- 1356 selected

## Background 2:

- $1 \times 10^8$  generated
- 24202 detected
- 9413 selected

# Monte Carlo simulations

**Expected number of o-Ps  $\rightarrow$  3  $\gamma$  events:**

$$N_{\text{o-Ps}} = A \times f_{\text{o-Ps} \rightarrow 3\gamma} \times \text{eff} \times t$$

$A =$  annihilation rate  $= 10^6$  for 10 MBq source and  $E_{\text{dep}} > 50$  keV

$f_{\text{o-Ps} \rightarrow 3\gamma} = 28.6$  % (in porous polymer XAD-4)

$$\text{eff} = 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$$

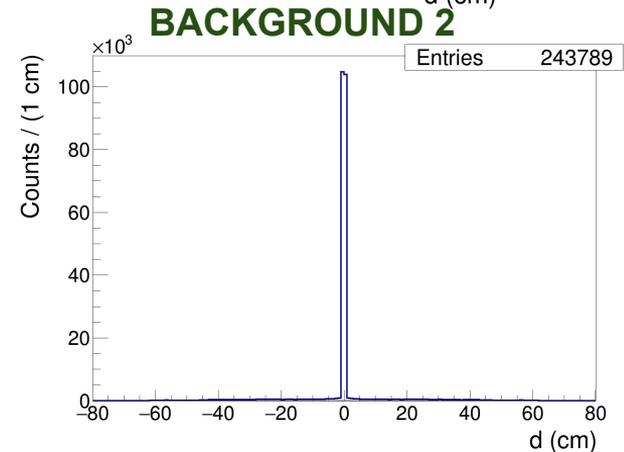
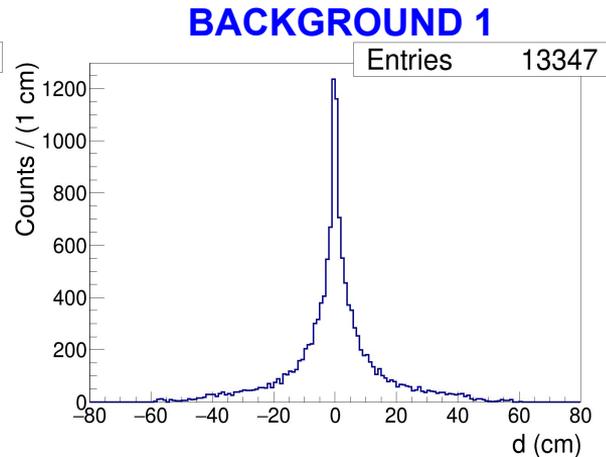
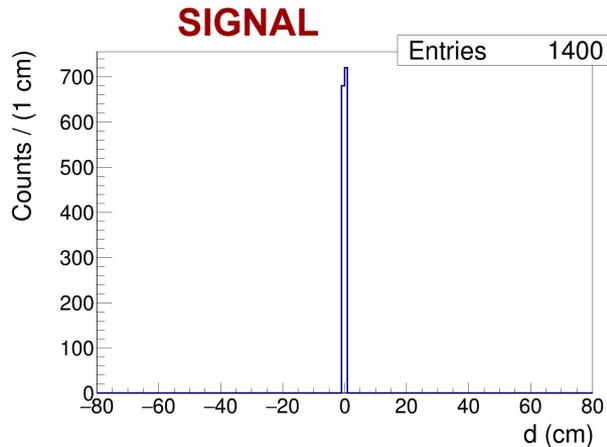
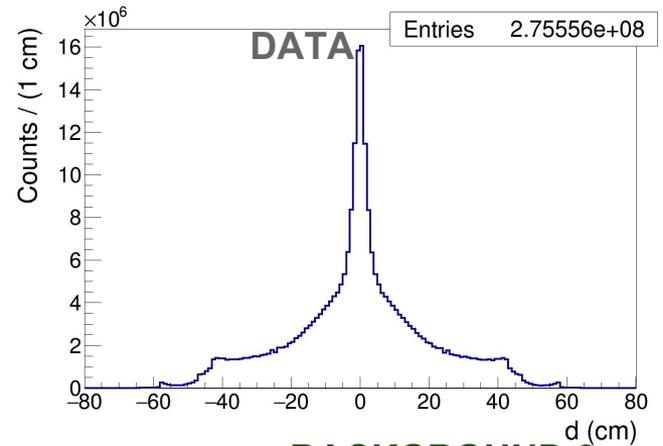
$t = 29221$  seconds ( $\sim 8$  hours)  $\rightarrow$  996 data files

$\rightarrow$   **$N_{\text{o-Ps}} = 117000$  (about 8% of the events)**

# Monte Carlo simulations

CUT:  $|d| < 2$  cm

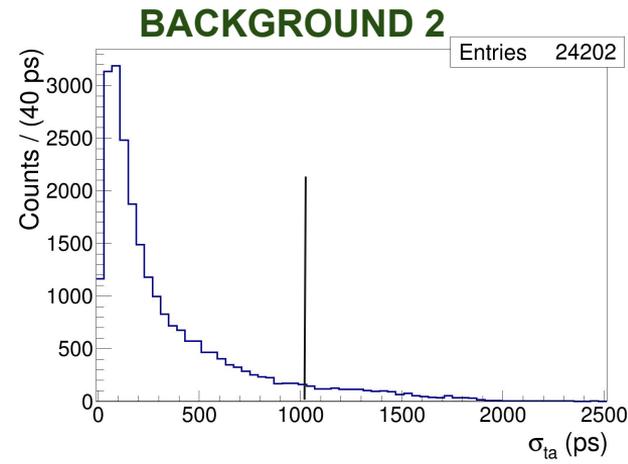
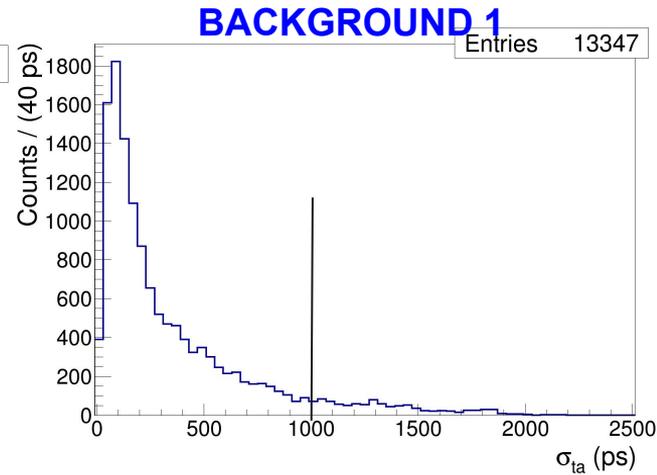
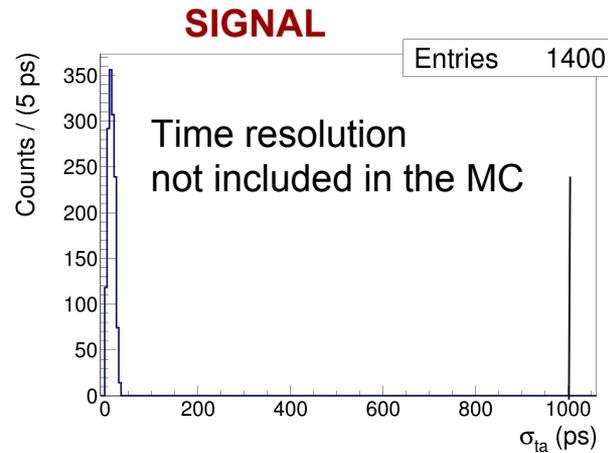
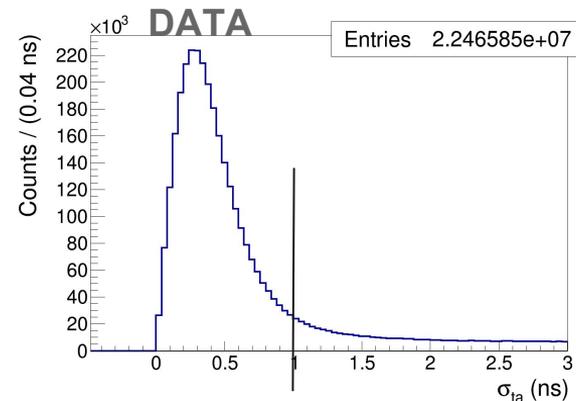
- Signal:**  $o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3$
- Background 1:**  $o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 + \text{scattering}$
- Background 2:**  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \text{scattering}$



# Monte Carlo simulations

CUT:  $\sigma_{ta} < 1 \text{ ns}$

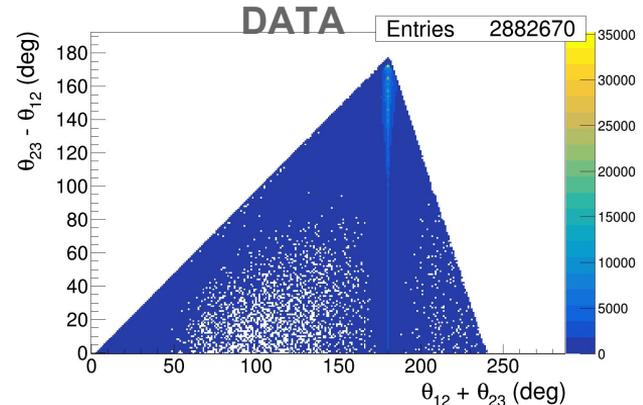
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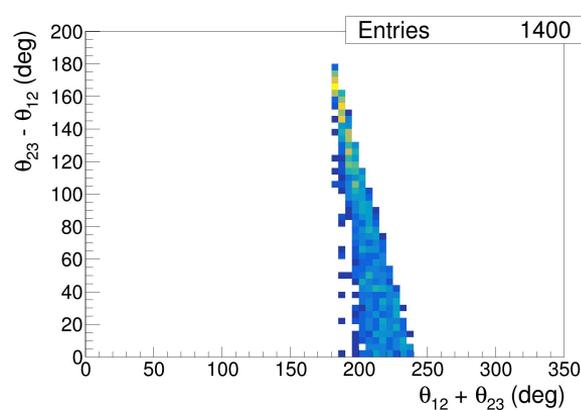
# Monte Carlo simulations

CUT:  $\theta_{12} + \theta_{23} > 180$

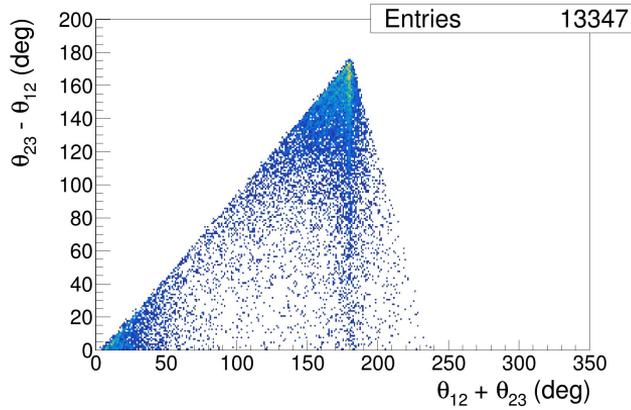
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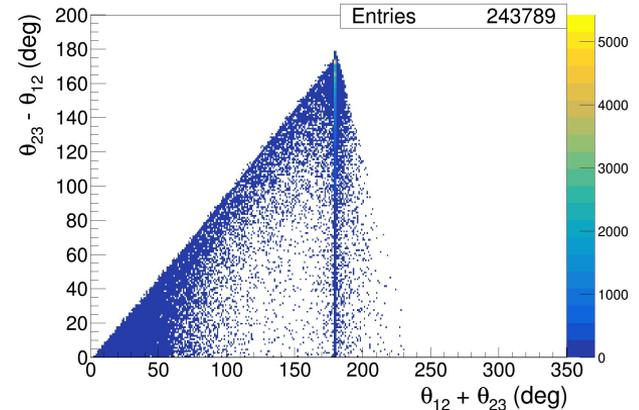
**SIGNAL**



**BACKGROUND 1**

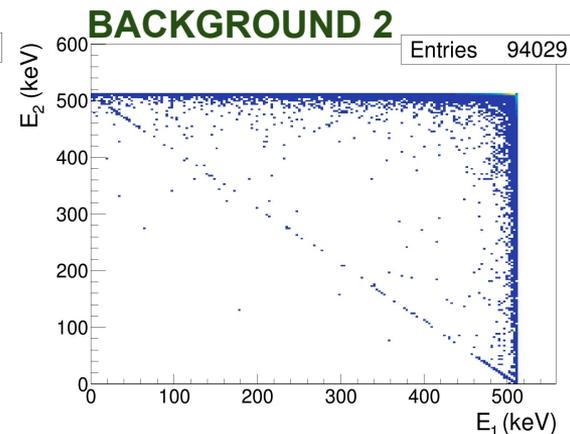
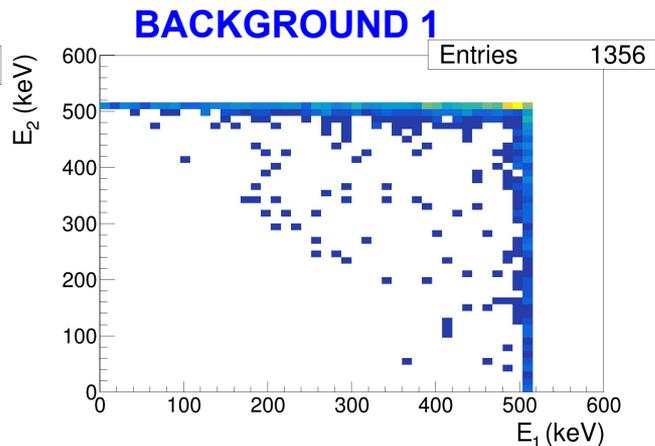
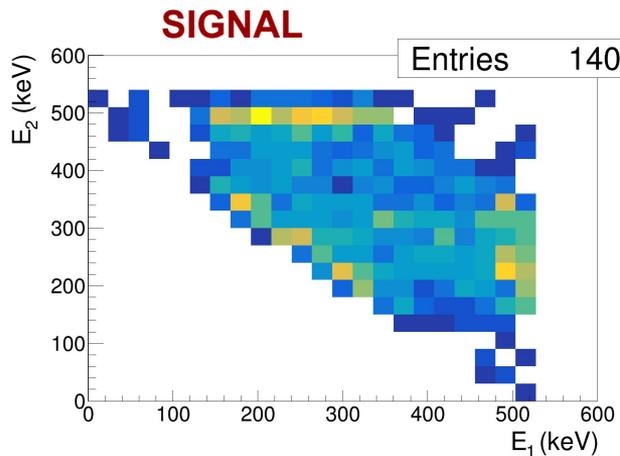
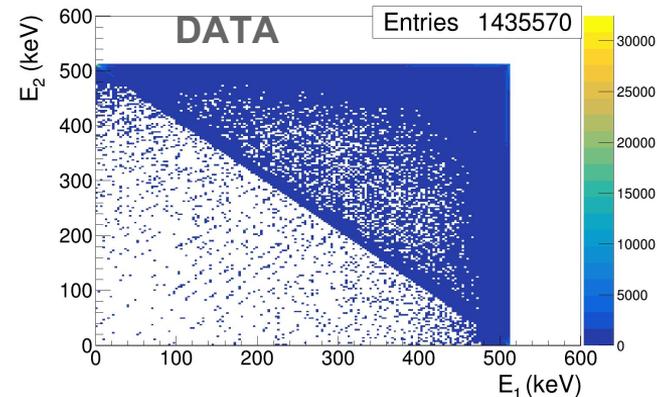


**BACKGROUND 2**



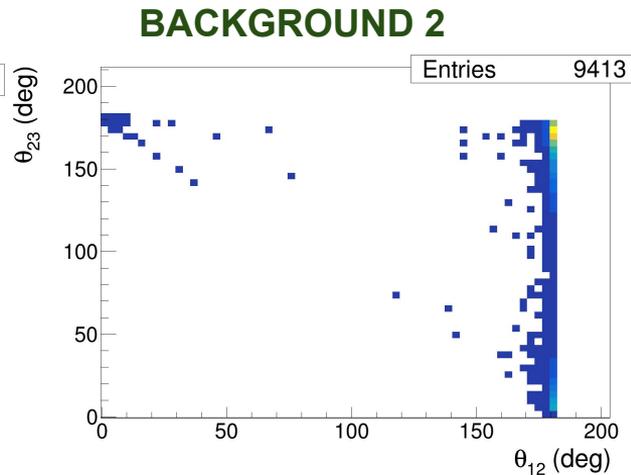
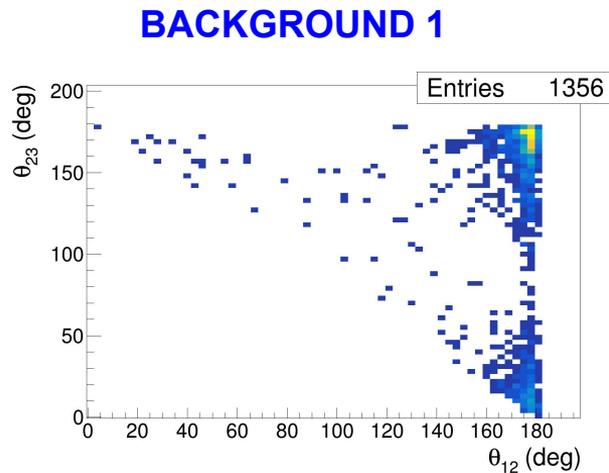
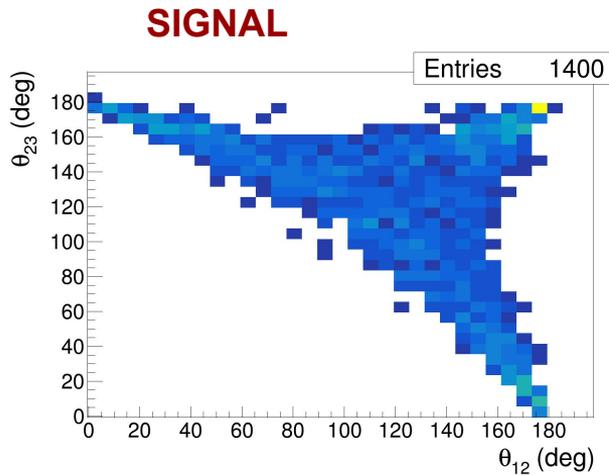
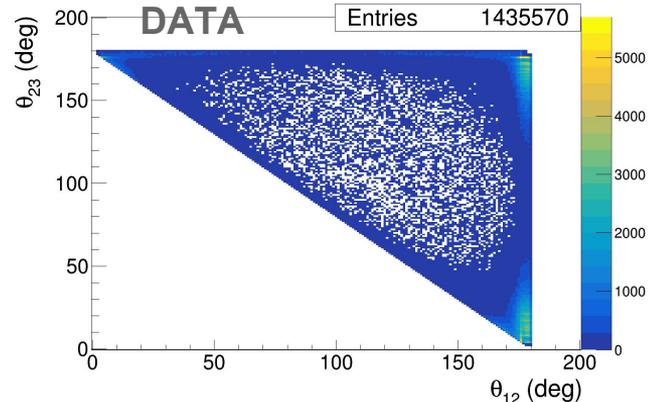
# Monte Carlo simulations

- Signal:**  $o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3$
- Background 1:**  $o\text{-Ps} \rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 + \text{scattering}$
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# Monte Carlo simulations

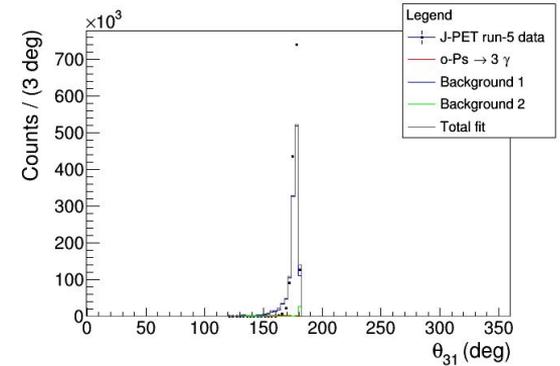
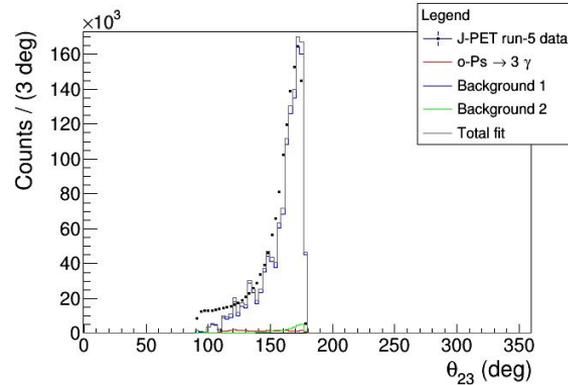
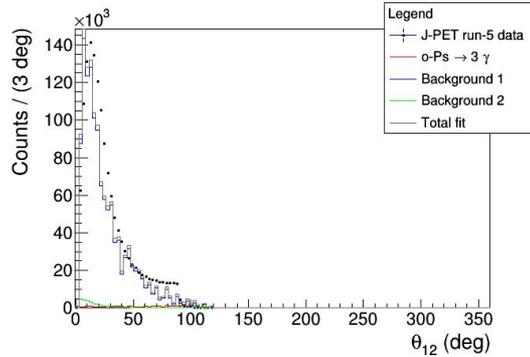
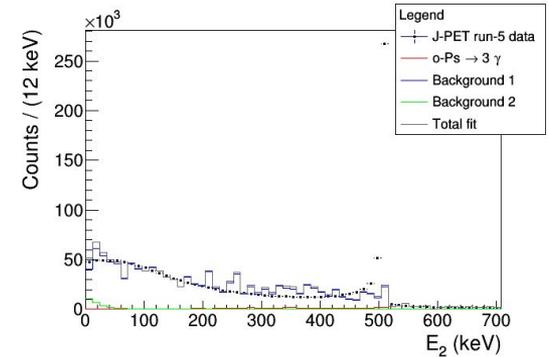
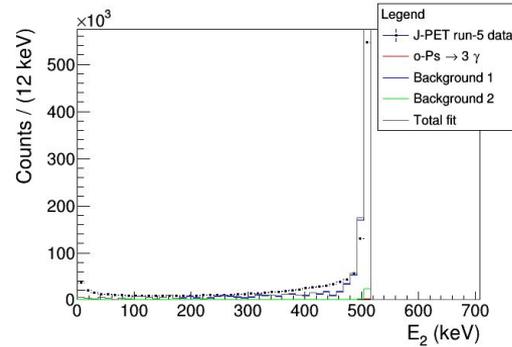
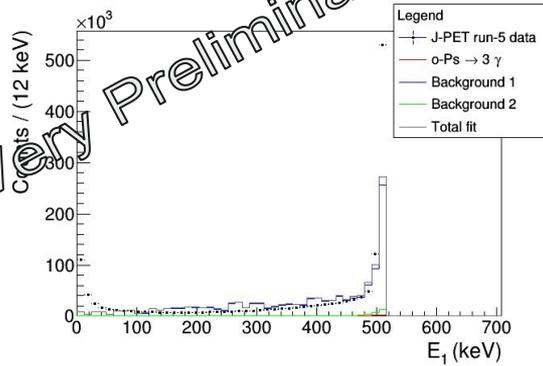
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# Fit of the data

## Simultaneous fit of 6 distributions

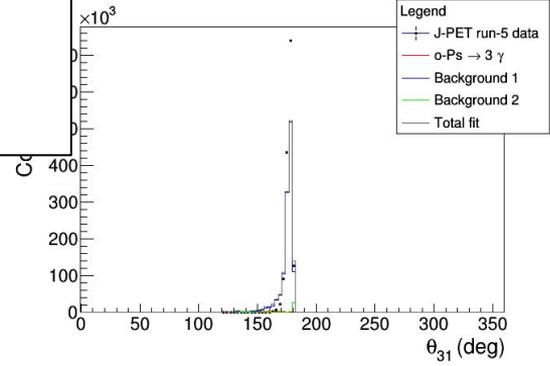
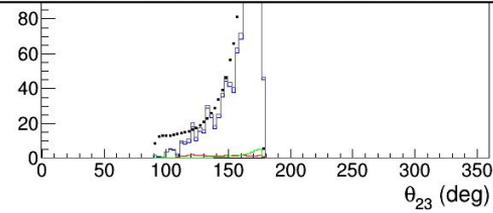
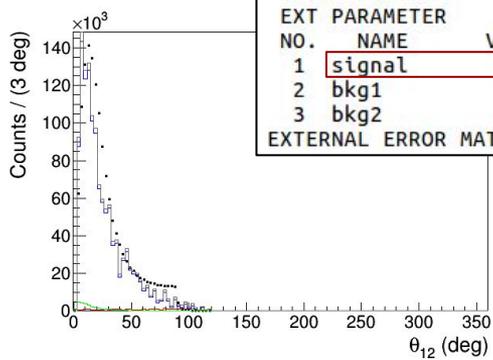
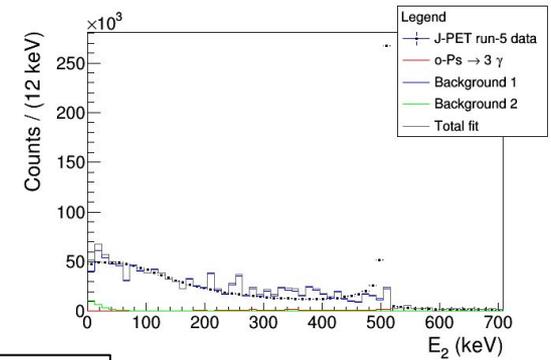
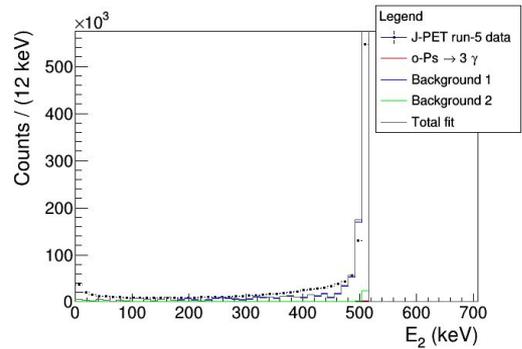
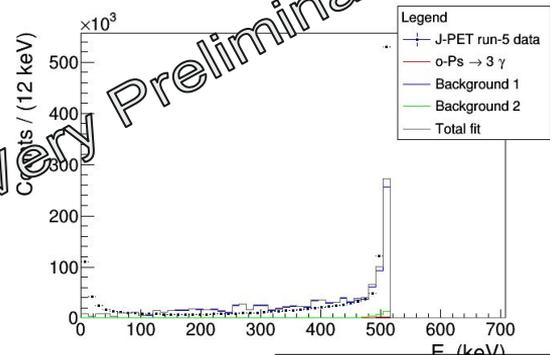
Very Preliminary



# Fit of the data

Simultaneous fit of 6 distributions

Very Preliminary



COVARIANCE MATRIX CALCULATED SUCCESSFULLY  
 FCN=1.1528e+06 FROM MIGRAD STATUS=CONVERGED 73 CALLS 496 TOTAL  
 EDM=6.94207e-09 STRATEGY= 2 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE

EXT NO.	PARAMETER NAME	VALUE	ERROR	STEP SIZE	FIRST DERIVATIVE
1	signal	2.48780e-02	4.45395e-04	5.00000e-01	-2.11174e-04
2	bkg1	8.51099e-01	8.66788e-04	5.48367e-02	3.58247e-05
3	bkg2	2.12095e-02	4.56061e-04	5.00000e-01	-1.64136e-04

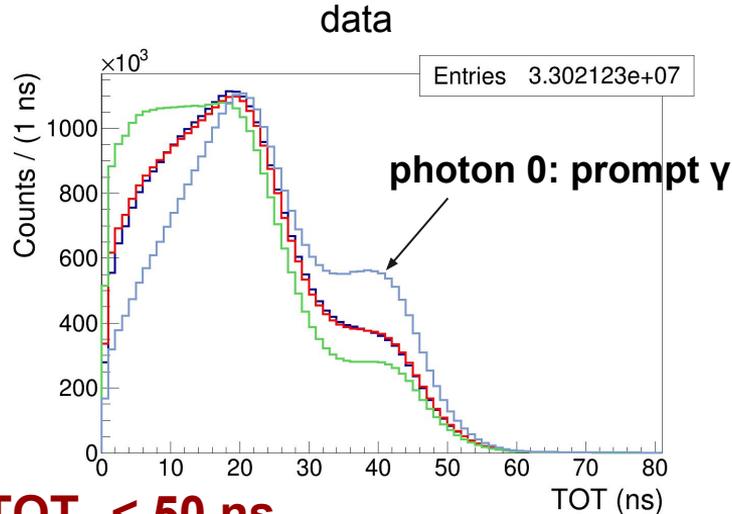
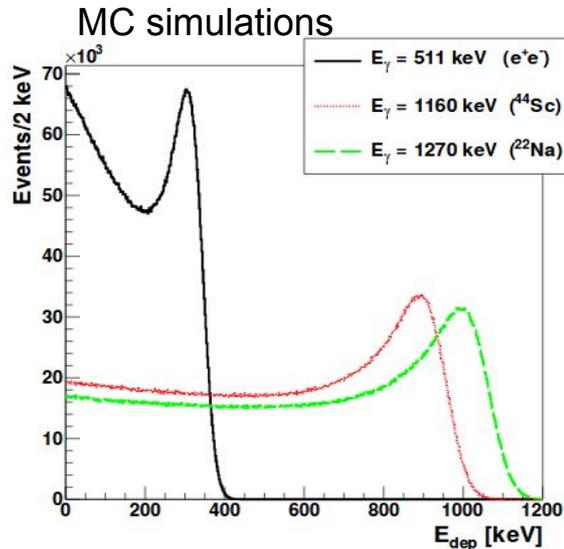
EXTERNAL ERROR MATRIX. NDIM= 25 NPAR= 3 ERR DEF=1

# 4 Hits Selection

Same cuts as before but:

CUT 1: selection based on the energy deposited in the scintillators (using the TOT information) also for the prompt  $\gamma$

Photons are ordered by annihilation time:  $t_{a0} < t_{a1} < t_{a2} < t_{a3}$



**$30 \text{ ns} < \text{TOT}_0 < 50 \text{ ns}$**

**$\text{TOT}_1 < 25 \text{ ns} \ \& \ \text{TOT}_2 < 25 \text{ ns} \ \& \ \text{TOT}_3 < 25 \text{ ns}$**

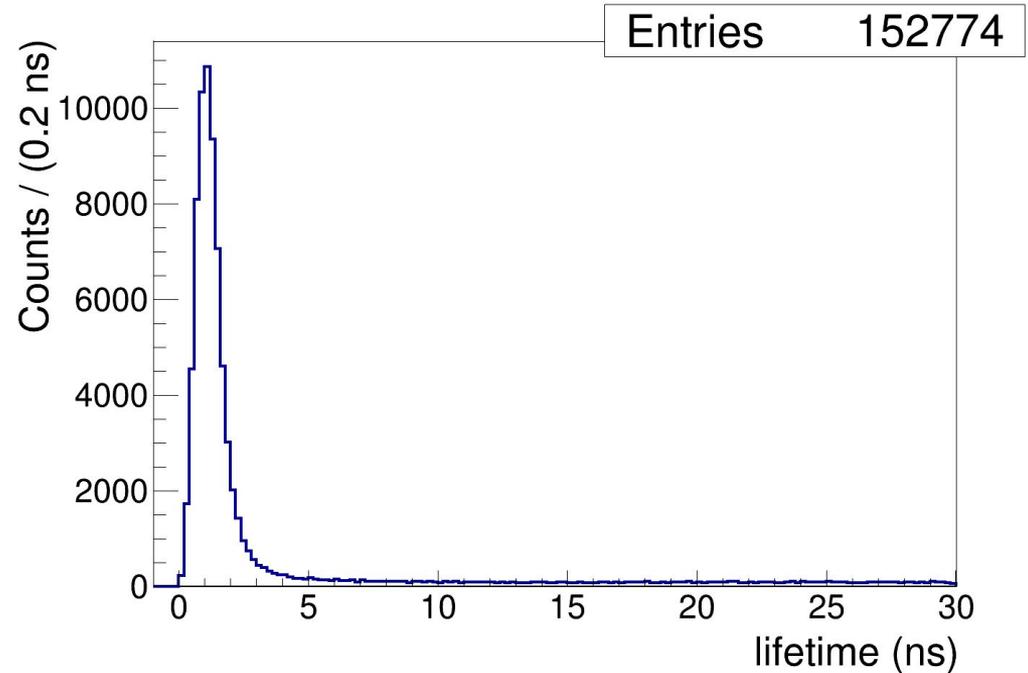
# 4 Hits Selection

**Additional Cut** → **Selection based on the o-Ps lifetime**

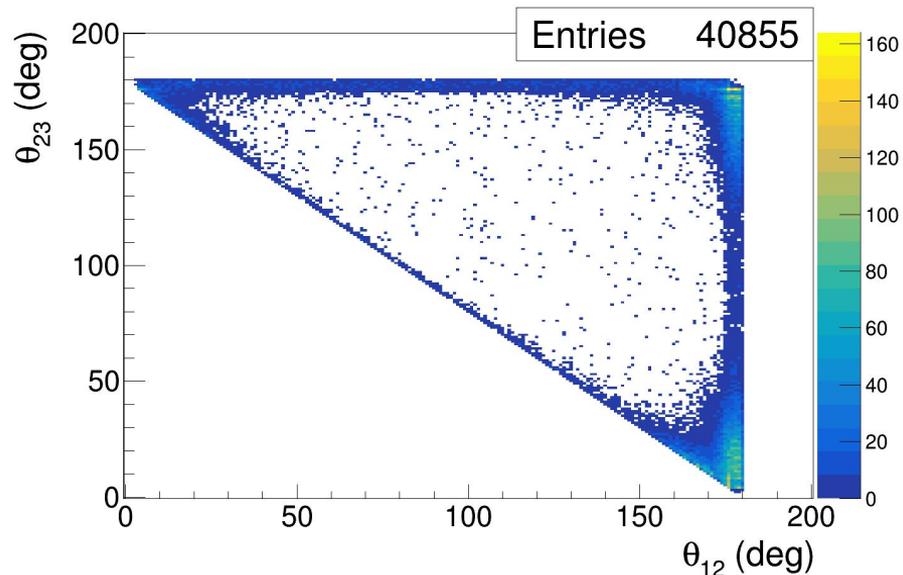
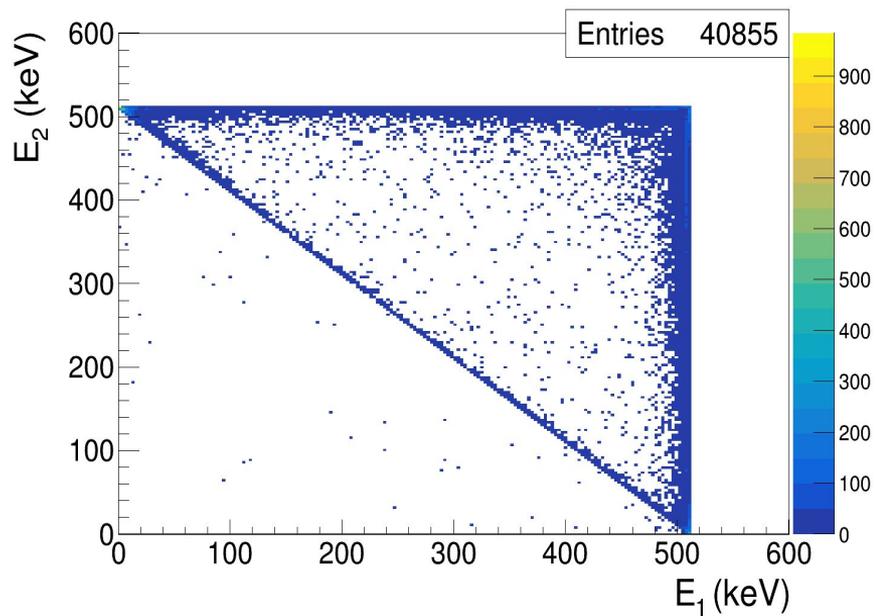
In vacuum:

- direct e+e- annihilation  $\sim 400$  ps
- para-positronium lifetime  $\sim 125$  ps
- ortho-positronium lifetime  $\sim 142$  ns

$$\text{lifetime} = t_a - t_{a0} > 10 \text{ ns}$$



# 4 Hits Selection



# Next steps

- Monte Carlo simulations for the scatterings in the small chamber
- Include the detector time and energy resolutions
- Same procedure for 4 hits events